ESTABLISHED 1818.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 28694—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, MARCH 18, 1892.

PETER F. HEERING'S
COPENHAGEN
CHERRY BRANDY.
To be had of all respectable Wine Merchants.

BEST CLARETS.
We have been Bordeaux shippers since 1515.

Qts.	pts.		Qts.	pts.
16-8	9-4	Breakfast—Medoc and St. Julien	16-8	9-4
12-6	7-0		12-6	7-0
27-4	14-10	Dinner—La Rose and St. Julien	27-4	14-10
24-4	13-2	After Dinner—Chateau Lafite	24-4	13-2
41-8	21-12		41-8	21-12

For Prices of Whiskies, Ports, Liqueurs, &c., send for our Illustrated Catalogue.
CUTLER, PALMER & Co., BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

P. & O. CO.'S S. S. "SHANNON."

THE Extra Steamer SHANNON WILL LEAVE BOMBAY, at 5 P. M. on the 22nd March, and baggage should be sent to the Mazagon Dockyard, before 10 A. M. that day.
A steam launch will leave the Apollo Bunder at 3 P. M. to convey Passengers on board.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	Saturday.
† SIAM	3038	500	H. T. Weighell	19th Mar.
R.L. MIRZAPORE	3913	600	R. Harvey	26th "
† ASSAM	3041	500	G. W. F. Browne	2nd Apr.
R.L. CARTHAGE	4879	1000	M. de Horne	9th "
† SIAM	3038	500	H. T. Weighell	16th "
R.L. CLYDE	4136	800	J. L. Parfitt	23rd "
† ASSAM	3041	500	G. W. F. Browne	30th "
R.L. ROME	5750	1200	A. B. Daniell	7th May.
† SIAM	3038	500	H.T. Weighell	14th "
R.L. PEKIN	3909	600	P. Harris	21st "
† ASSAM	3038	500	G.W.F. Browne	Friday. 27th May.
R.L. RAVENNA	3257	700	E. Crewe	3rd June.
† SIAM	3038	500	H. T. Weighell	10th "
R.L. SHANNON	4077	800	C. Edwards	17th "
† ASSAM	3041	500	G. W. F. Browne.	24th "
R.L. THAMES	4078	800	W. Seaton	1st July.
† SIAM	3038	500	H. T. Weighell	8th "
R.L. CARTHAGE	4879	1000	M. de Horne	15th "
† ASSAM	3041	500	G. W. F. Browne.	22nd "

The steamers marked R. L. proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.
† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers transship there to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway Fare, from Brindisi to London by the Mail route, and Coupons are issued for places in the Sleeping Cars of the special "P. and O. Express."

Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon before 9 a.m. on the day of sailing, or on the afternoon of the previous day.
A Steam Barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at noon on the day of sailing to convey Passengers on board, and only hand packages will be received.
The attention of passengers is called to the importance of having their baggage correctly labelled with port of destination.

SPECIAL STEAMERS TO LONDON, CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	About
MALWA	2270	500	C. Preston	10th Mar.
RAVENNA	3257	700	E. Crewe	24th "
SURAT	3142	550	R. Sleeman	7th Apr.
THAMES	4078	800	W. Seaton	21st "
ROHILLA	3387	700	C. S. Tocque	5th May.
CATHAY	2983	500	A. Symons	19th "

In addition to the above, a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call at any port or ports.

For further particulars apply to
H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, March 8, 1892.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.
BOMBAY TO MESSINA, NAPLES AND GENOA, calling at ALEXANDRIA.

THE well-known Steamers of this Company will sail on:
7th April. 2nd June.
5th May.
For particulars regarding Freights, Passage, &c., apply to
F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, March 10, 1892.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.
UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE
AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

ACCELERATED SERVICE TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,000	750	1st April
IMPERATRIX	F. Egger	4,600	750	1st May.
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,000	750	1st June.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck (without food.)
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 130

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TO TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480

Above Rates include Wine or Beer supplied at Meals.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.
Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from and to Trieste.
Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd, and BRINDISI on the 5th, of each month.
Passengers and their baggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's Steam Launch on the day of sailing.

SLOW SERVICE TO TRIESTE, VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons	H. P.	To sail on.
ELEKTRA	C. Bollen	3,800	550	22nd March.
BERENICE	P. Mersa	3,200	500	22nd April.

RATES OF PASSAGES BY THIS ROUTE.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck. (without food).
TO TRIESTE	Rs. 400	Rs. 250	Rs. 130

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TO TRIESTE	Rs. 700	Rs. 400

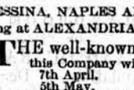
Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 12th of each month.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, AND SHANGHAI.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.
MARIA TERESA	R. Deperis	3,800	550	8th April.

Connecting at Colombo with the s.s. NIOBE to Madras and Calcutta, and at Singapore with the s.s. GALATEA to Sourabaya and Batavia.
For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., apply to
O VON HOFFER, Acting Agent,
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, March 8, 1892.

ANCHOR LINE.

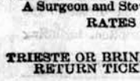


BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail.
ARABIA	3544	C. Hillcoat	22nd March.
ARMENIA	3395	Geo. Read	5th April.
PERSIA	3547	R. Hutchison	19th April.
HISPANIA	3380	S. Abrey	30th April.
ROUMANIA	3367	W. S. Young	14th May.

Passengers can book through to London (Overland from Marseilles) on favourable terms.
The voyage to Marseilles is not expected to exceed twenty-one days, and the Railway Journey from Marseilles to London occupies thirty hours.
Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess, and is fitted out with every comfort for First Class Passengers.
All the Cabins are on the Upper Deck.
For Rates of Passage and further particulars, apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.
Graham's Buildings, Bombay, March 7, 1892.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., Bombay.
GRINDLAY & Co., Calcutta.
HOMEWARD PASSAGES.



PASSAGES booked by P. & O. and other regular lines of Steamers *without charge for Commission*. Berths selected and the best available accommodation secured. Railway and Sleeping Car Tickets obtained.
CHEAPER PASSAGES engaged by occasional outside Steamers, and every information afforded as to terms and accommodation.

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The Superior Second Saloon accommodation of the new P. and O. Steamers offers an excellent opportunity for a cheap Passage to England, and to enable us to arrange select parties and suitable berthing, intending passengers should make early Application.
Full particulars and pamphlet forwarded on application. "Grindlay's Hand Book" for Travellers may also be had free.
Circular Notes, Sovereigns, and Drafts on London granted at current rates. Baggage shipped and Insurance effected when required.
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GRINDLAY & Co., Calcutta.
GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., Bombay.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)
Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE, KATTYWAR PORTS, AND CUTCH MANDVIE.

S. S. "PACHUMBA," 1,168 tons, on the 22rd March, at noon, calling at Verawul, Mangrole, Porebunder, Cutch Mandvie and Kurrachee, weather permitting.

S. S. "KARAGOLA," 867 tons, on 19th March, at 10 a.m.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "PURULIA," 1,675 tons, on the 20th March, at 11 a.m., or after arrival of incoming English Mail steamer, calling at Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah, and Busreh, in the foregoing order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "ELLORA," 1,983 tons, on or about FRIDAY, 18th March, at noon, calling at such Ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the Undersigned.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 17th March, 1892. Agents.

PASSAGE SEASON, 1892.
KING, KING & Co.,
BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged by P. and O. and all other Lines at the lowest rates obtainable *FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION.*
SECOND SALOON accommodation by P. and O. secured at very low rates, and special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers.
Full information as to berths available, and lists of Passengers already booked, furnished at once.
SPECIAL AGENTS in India for Messrs. HENRY GAZE & SONS' CONTINENTAL and AMERICAN TOURS. Tickets by all routes furnished at once.
PASSENGERS are met on arrival at Plymouth by Messrs. HENRY S. KING & Co. (London), or at Liverpool by Messrs. KING, BAILLIE & Co. Messrs. KING, KING & Co.'s Agents at Aden, Port Said, Malta, Brindisi, Marseilles and Gibraltar will render their Constituents every assistance.
BAGGAGE, CARGO and PARCELS Shipped or Cleared at low rates: Fire and Marine Insurance effected when desired; excellent godown accommodation furnished and every facility given for examination.
LOANS granted on approved security. Letters of Credit and Circular Notes issued payable in all the principal towns of the world.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE, Sovereigns, and Bank of England Notes bought and sold at the best rates of the day.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES arranged at current rates, and addresses in connection with the same registered with Messrs. HENRY S. KING & Co. *free of charge.*
Correspondence invited, and a copy of Messrs. King, King and Co.'s "Hand-book for Homeward-bound Passengers" forwarded on Application, free of charge.

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CALCUTTA. LIVERPOOL.
R. B. KING, HYDERABAD (DECCAN).
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

STEAM.
CALCUTTA TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.
BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

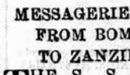
PASSENGER Steamers are despatched from Calcutta direct to Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney, and Brisbane, returning *via* Torres Straits, booking Cargo and Passengers through to all ports in Queensland and New Zealand, with liberty to call at Singapore and Batavia.

Steamer.	Tons.	Date of leaving Calcutta.
WAROONGA	2,500	On or about 31st March.

For Freight, Passage, or other particulars, apply to
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 1st March 1892. Agents.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES COMPANY
FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.
TO ZANZIBAR AND MAURITIUS.

THE S. S. LA SEYNE will LEAVE Bombay on 11th April, 1892, at 3 p.m., FOR KURRACHEE and ADEN, in connection with the Australian Steamer Homeward-bound, and the Steamer from Marseilles proceeding to Zanzibar and Mauritius.
RETURN TICKETS TO MARSEILLES for three, six, and nine months delivered at specially REDUCED RATES.
THROUGH TICKETS are issued, including Railway Fare from Marseilles to London.
A Steam launch will leave the Apollo Bunder at 1 p.m., on the day of sailing, to convey the passengers on board the Steamer.
A. SIMEON, Agent,
29, Esplanade Road.



CHEAP PASSAGES,
HOMEWARD AND OUTWARD.

PASSAGES promptly engaged and best Berths secured FREE OF COMMISSION, in P. and O. and all other LINERS, 1st and 2nd Saloon; and also in selected NON-LINERS, such as the "BEDOUIN," "WOODS," &c., from Rs. 200 to 300 to the Continent, and Rs. 300 to Rs. 375 to English ports, 1st Saloon.
Outward, in Non-Liners, from £25 to £30 per adult, Saloon.
CONTINENTAL RAIL-TICKETS provided, and SLEEPING CAR BERTHS engaged.
HEAVY BAGGAGE stored, shipped, or forwarded by P. and O. at Cargo rates to port of destination or address.
PASSENGERS met on arrival and departure by reliable Agents.
SOVEREIGNS, DRAFTS, AND CIRCULAR NOTES supplied at best rates.
LADIES, Children, and Gentlemen respectively grouped in selected Saloon cabins; special arrangement for Families and Parties.
INSURANCE effected at reasonable rates.
ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE TELEGRAMS arranged for economically.
INTEREST at 3 per cent. allowed on passage money deposited with us in advance.
Full particulars supplied and HAND-BOOKS sent free on application.

WILLIAM WATSON AND CO.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS,
BOMBAY—28, APOLLO STREET.
KARACHI—Camp.
LONDON—27, LEADENHALL STREET,
and 49-50 Parliament Street.

CLARKE'S
UNRIVALLED HAIR DYE,
WARRANTED not to stain the Skin. Prepared in two separate bottles. The effect will be instantaneous. Hair will retain its gloss for a long time. It has already been tested by many persons with great success. For changing Red or Grey Hair to beautiful shades of Black or Brown according to instructions given, this quantity will last 3 months applying every 10 or 12 days. Price Rs. 3 for the two Bottles; or for doz. set Rs. 30, packing extra.

CLARKE'S MIXTURE
FOR KILLING WHITE ANTS, &c.
This mixture is one-third the price of Carbolic Acid. It will totally eradicate White Ants, and if applied to furniture once a month will prevent depredations on any kind of woodwork or paper. No kind of insect will approach it. It has been tested at the Surveyor-General's office with success. Price Rs. 12 per gallon; or Rs. 2-4 per Bottle, packing extra.
SEVERAL UNSOLICITED TESTIMONIALS.
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SOLE AGENT,
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TREACHER'S OWN BRAND.
LIGHT PILSENER BEER,
Bottled at the Brewery specially for TREACHER & Co., LD.
SOLE AGENTS
FOR
JOHNSON & CO.'S CANTERBURY ALE,
BASS'S BEER AND GUINNESS'S STOUT,
BOTTLED BY FOSTER AND SONS.
In the Home Market Messrs. Foster & Sons' bottling is considered much the best, has by far the largest sale, and commands the highest price.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.
N.B.—In consequence of the continued decline in Exchange, our Advertized and List Prices are advanced 5 per cent. from January 21st, 1892. Detailed List on application.

CUTCH SILVER

FOR PRESENTS and PRESENTATIONS.—Far and away the Finest and Best in the Market. Pretty Tea Sets, Cream Ewers, Sugars, Claret Jugs, Goblets, Card Cases, Bomboniers, Cigarette Cases, etc.
WATSON & Co., Church Gate Street.

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SALE OF NEGATIVES.
After the 20TH MARCH, 1892,
No more PHOTOGAPHS will be taken by
MESSRS. P. VUCCINO & CO.
NEGATIVES can be obtained at the very Low Rates delivered in BOMBAY only. C. D. V., 8 Annas, Cabinet Re. 1-4, Boudoir Rs. 2, Royal, Imperial, Groups, &c., at Rs. 4. A Going Concern open to an offer, or, it will be sold by public auction next month.

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ELECTRO-TECHNICAL DEPARTMENT.
CONSULTING ELECTRICIANS,
ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS,
AND CONTRACTORS FOR
ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
STOCK AND SHOW ROOMS:
APOLLO HOUSE, APOLLO STREET,
BOMBAY.

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HIGHLAND MALT.
THE superior excellence of this Whisky is proved by a constantly increasing demand.
Cash, Rs. 27; Credit, Rs. 30.
TREACHER & Co., LIMITED,
WINE MERCHANTS,
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THE NEW WRIST WATCH.
TO FIT ANY SIZE OF ARM.
A HANDSOME, small sized, first quality Silver Keyless WATCH, with specially strong movement, as required for wrist wear, forming part of an artistically designed lexible bracelet, which may be pulled on or off at pleasure without the trouble of fixing or unfixing any clasp or catch, and fits comfortably to any size of arm.
A useful and beautiful present, in handsome plush case, for Rs. 70.
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SIMPLE AND EFFECTIVE EXPERIMENTS
ILLUSTRATING
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OPTICAL WONDERS.
MOST INTERESTING
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INSTRUCTIVE.
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JUST OPENED

CHEAP AND GOOD.	Rs.	a.
OPERA GLASS, with Shades, in Brown Leather case, with Strap for carrying	17	8
Do. with Compass, in Brown case, with Strap	18	0
Do. with Shades, in Brown case, with Strap	16	0
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Do. Black Leather case	16	0

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GOUT AND RHEUMATIC MIXTURE.
A SAFE and sure remedy in Gout, Rheumatism, and Rheumatic Gout. It is composed of thoroughly tried remedies, recommended by Dr. Garrod, and has been highly spoken of by sufferers who have tried it.
Price Per Bottle, Re. 1-8.
TONIC LIVER GRANULES, per Bottle, Re 1.
Recommended to be taken with the Gout Mixture, the beneficial action of which they greatly assist.
PREPARED ONLY BY
KEMP & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

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Massive Gold Signet Rings with Round, Oval, Shield, and other shaped Tops, all Gold, or set with Bloodstones, Sard, Sardonyx, Cornelian, Onyx, and other Stones, on which any monogram or design can be engraved to order. Rs. 25, 36, 40, and 45.

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With the Snake's body forming a ring of two, three, four, or more coils, or with Ruby or Diamond Eyes and Head. Rs. 45, 55, 60 and 100.

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THE following is a short list of Lace and Fichu Brooches:—

	Rs.
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Trace and Horse-shoe (Pearls)	80
Chain with pearls	25
Curb and Horse-Shoe (Pearls)	36
Rope and Bee (Wings of Pearls and 4 large Moonstones)	35
Pin and Beetle (Body of Amethyst, Wings brilliants, Eyes Ruby, and head of Pin Lapis lazuli)	55
Spider (27 Pearls and Eyes Ruby)	42
Fly (Body and Wings Pearls, the Eyes Ruby)	29
Parrot (Wings and Body enamelled in variegated colors and set with Diamonds)	65
Rope in knotted loop (Pearls and Rubies)	45
Do. do. (2 Diamonds and 2 Rubies)	70
Float, Line, and Hook (Pearls for weights)	45
Oval (Centre 3 Diamonds and Ten Pearls)	55
Ivy Leaf (7 Pearls)	18
Tennis Bat (5 Pearls in Handle, and Ball, Pearl)	35

MARCKS & Co., LD.,
JEWELLERS AND DIAMOND MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY & POONA.

The "Cream of Scotch Whiskies," and has an enormous sale.
PHILLIPS & Co's "FERRINTOSH" WHISKY. Guaranteed Pure and Wholesome, and of delicate Fragrance.
PHILLIPS & Co's "FERRINTOSH" WHISKY.
PHILLIPS & Co's "FERRINTOSH" WHISKY.
Per Dozen, Rs. 25.
THE BEST AND CHEAPEST WHISKY IN THE MARKET.
Chemists, Wine, and General Merchants. } PHILLIPS & CO., LD. { BOMBAY & POONA.

HOMEWARD BOUND
PASSENGERS

WILL FIND A LARGE AND VARIED ASSORTMENT OF RELIABLE GOODS,
AT
THORPE & CO.'S
IN
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

TRAVELLING SUITS, Heavy and Medium, Warm Overcoats and Ulsters.
SLEEPING SUITS, of Flannel, Silk and Wool, Ceylon Flannel, Oxford Cloth.
SHIRTS, WHITE LONG-CLOTH, Oxford, French Prints, Flannel, Silk and Ceylon Flannel, &c.
UNDERCLOTHING in every Variety—Cotton, Merino, and Lambswool.
GLOVES, Calf Lined, Ringwood, Mittens, &c. Mufflers, Silk, Cashmere, and Wool.
BEST LINEN COLLARS, Cambric Handkerchiefs, Cardigan Jackets, Ladies' and Gentlemen's, Dressing Gowns.
WOVEN CHOLERA BELTS, Feather Pillows, SCOTCH-MAUDS RUGS, and Rug Straps.
OVERLAND TRUNKS, Ladies' Dress Baskets, Solid Leather Portmanteaus and Dressing Cases.
GLADSTONE BAGS, Hand-Bags, Courier Bags, Soiled Linen Bags, Cabin Dressing Bags.
LEATHER HAT CASES, Ladies' Bonnet Boxes, Travelling Baths, Fitted with Basket.
HOLD-ALLS, MONEY BELTS, Sovereign Boxes, METAL SOAP BOXES, Sponges, and Bags.
CELLULOID COLLARS, Cuffs, and Shirt Fronts, MARINE or SALT WATER SOAP.

THORPE AND CO.,
BOMBAY.

"TRUSTWORTHY"
HELMETS AND SUN HATS.
"EXTRA LIGHT" HELMETS, Covered Drab Felt,
Cash or V. P. P. ..... Rs. 10 0
"SHIKAR or HUNTING Sun Hats, Brown Canvas,
Cash or V. P. P. ..... " 5 0
LADIES' PITH HATS, with Puggree,
Cash or V. P. P. ..... " 5 0

BADHAM, PILE & Co., LD.,
BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FILLIS' GREAT CIRCUS.

☞ LOOK, LOOK ☜
MORE NOVELTY!
ANOTHER CHANGE;
NEVER FAILING RESOURCES.
TO-NIGHT, FRIDAY, MARCH 18,
TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, AT 4 P.M.
And in the Evening at 9 P.M.
FOR THE FIRST TIME IN BOMBAY
DOUBLE RING PERFORMANCE.
TWO SHOWS IN ONE.
DOUBLE ATTRACTIONS,
ALL THE NOVELTIES,
ALL THE LADIES.
ALL THE CLOWNS,
DOUBLE EQUESTRIAN ACTS,
THE CHARLTONS.
THE BEAUMONT TROUPE,
DOUBLE GYMNASTIC DISPLAYS,
DOUBLE CLOWNS' ABSURDITIES,
THE FEELEYS
AND
Mdlle. SHERAZADE
AND
THE LIONS.
THE LION QUEEN—THE LIONS.
TO-NIGHT: TO-NIGHT!
☞ NEXT WEEK, THE LAST. ☜
THE AFTERNOON PERFORMANCE
TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, AT 4 P.M.
Equals the Performance given at 9 p.m.
Children half price to all parts. Special rates to Schools.
Teachers in Charge of large Parties Free.

FOR SALE.

The whole of the CIRCUS ELECTRIC LIGHT PLANT, consisting of Steel Boiler of 6 H.P. Pressure 80lbs. Westinghouse Patent Engine, Double Acting Piston Valve 10 H. P. Engine, and Ganz' Dynamo bolts. 60 Amp. 120. The whole is in complete working order, the Plant being purchased new from Messrs. Volkart Bros. last March, (the Proprietor purchasing a more Portable Plant for travelling) and can be seen at any time at the Circus.
Also some good AUSTRALIAN HORSES to be disposed of at the end of the Season.

MAGIC! MIRTH!! MYSTERY!!!
FOR ONE NIGHT ONLY.
TEMPERANCE HALL, Hospital Lane, Mazagon.
Robert Bruce's Congress of Cabalistic Wonders.
SATURDAY, 19TH MARCH, 1892.
Beautiful Music, unrivalled Ventriloquism, Magic Illusions of Bewildering Fascination, Mesmerism, Black Art Hall Supernatural Illusions, Impersonators of peculiar People, &c., &c.
Admission Rs. 2 and 1. Sailors and Soldiers in Uniform half Price to Back Seats only.
Doors open at 8 p.m. Overture at 9 p.m. Sharp.
GOD SAVE THE QUEEN-EMPRESS.

THE CITY LINE S. S. "CITY OF PERTH" has ARRIVED from GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL, and is DISCHARGING in the VICTORIA DOCK. Consignees are requested to present their BILLS of LADING for our COUNTERSIGNATURE and to TAKE DELIVERY of their Goods without delay.
Matches, Oil, Acids (Naptha), and other Inflammable Articles must be removed as they are landed, failing which they will be exposed at Consignees' risk, and subject to removal to the Combustible Shed at their expense.
Unless boats are sent alongside without delay to take delivery of Packages exceeding in weight 30 cwts., they will be landed on the Quay at the risk and expense of the Consignees.
Consignees are hereby expressly notified that all Claims for Damage must be adjusted by Steamer's Surveyor before the Goods are removed from the Landing Shed. The undersigned decline all responsibility in respect of Goods removed to the Unclaimed Warehouse. All Claims must be presented before the sailing of the Steamer, otherwise none will be entertained.
Captain CLARK will attend every morning to survey Damages, &c.
SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 17th March, 1892.

F. S. MADON & CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL CHEMISTS
AND DRUGGISTS,
Have always on hand pure Drugs, Chemical Patent Medicines, and Druggists' Sundries from the Manufacturers direct, and are in a position to execute all Orders upon the best terms.
Special Terms to Hospitals, Dispensaries, and Merchants.
A TRIAL ORDER IS SOLICITED.
Up-Country orders carefully and promptly executed.
F. S. MADON & CO.,
NEAR JOOMA MUSJID, BOMBAY.

POSTAL NOTICE.

AN EXTRA MAIL for the UNITED KINGDOM and countries served through it and for the continent of Europe will be CLOSED at the General Post Office, at 3 P.M., on TUESDAY next, the 22nd instant, for Despatch by the Extra P. and O. s. s. "Shannon," to Marseilles. The Mail will be strictly limited to letters and packets specially marked for despatch per s. s. "Shannon." The Mail will be consigned to the Marseilles Post Office and arrangements for onward transmission will be in the hands of the French authorities.
JOHN OWENS,
Officiating Presidency Post Master.
Bombay, G. P. O., 17th March, 1892.

THE BOMBAY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Bombay Fire Insurance Company, Limited, will be held at the registered office of the Company, No. 1, Bell Lane, within the Fort of Bombay, on MONDAY, the 11th day of April next, at 3-30 o'clock, in the afternoon, for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, passing a resolution to place the Bombay Fire Insurance Company, Limited, in voluntary liquidation and for the appointment of a liquidator or liquidators and to fix his or their remuneration.
Should the resolution be passed by the required majority, it will be submitted for confirmation as a special resolution to a second Extraordinary meeting, which will be subsequently convened.—Dated the 17th day of March, 1892.
By Order of the Board,
C. H. B. FORBES & CO.,
Secretaries and Managers.

NEW BOOKS.

	Rs.	as.
Year Book of Treatment, 1891 and 1892 each ...	4	12
Medical Annual, for 1890	4	4
Braithwaite's Retrospect of Medicine from July to Dec. 1889 to Dec. 1890, 3 vols	12	12
Techno-Chemical Receipt Book	7	4
A Practical Treatise on the Distillation and Rathication of Alcohol	8	12
Rose on Steam Boilers: A Practical treatise ...	8	12
Dickinson's Diseases of the Tongue	5	4
Barker's Manual of Surgical Operations.....	8	10
Furgusson's Indian and Eastern Architecture ...	26	4
Queen's Prime Minister Series each	2	4
Marquis of Salisbury, Gladstone, Beaconsfield, Melbourne, Palmerston and Sir R. Peel, *with Portraits* Key and Malleson's Indian Matiny, 6 Vols.	22	8
Russell on Arbitration and Awards, 1891	16	10
Kerr on Receivers, 1891	7	0
Fraenkel's and Linsley's Bacteriology, 1891.....	13	12
Odger's Libel and Slander, 1890	22	0
Folkard's Slander and Libel, 1891	37	12
Scott's Sculpture Renaissance and Modern	3	12
Smith's Architecture Gothic Renaissance	3	12
„ Classic Architecture	3	12

FRESH STOCK OF CHEAP NOVELS IN LARGE QUANTITY FOR SELECTION.
SUNDER PANDURANG,
BOOKSELLER, KALKADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

CONCENTRATED
IODISED SARSAPARILLA.
GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.
Recommended as the best and most powerful Alterative and Diaphoretic. Invaluable in giving tone and strength to the system and purifying the Blood. Skin Eruptions, Mercurial Sores, Weak Joints, Glandular Swellings, Rheumatic Pains, Foul or Ear Complaints, &c., are effectually cured by a regular course of this preparation.
Per Bottle, Rs. 2-4 and 8-12.
F. S. MADON & CO.,
NEAR JOOMA MUSJID, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE BOMBAY SKATING RINK.

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!!
GRAND NIGHT.!
LADIES' SESSION..... 3 to 5 p.m.
AFTERNOON do. ..... 5 to 7 p.m.
EVENING do. ..... 8-30 to 11 p.m.
Admission Re. 1. with free use of skates.
An Excellent Brass Band is in attendance.
SKATING RINK CO.

NOVELTY THEATRE.
EDISION'S LATEST PHONOGRAPH.
SPECIAL NOTICE.
PROFESSOR DOUGLAS ARCHIBALD, M.A., (OXON)
Will give a Valedictory Recital, on
SATURDAY EVENING NEXT,
When a Monster Double programme will be presented.
Box plan at SOUNDY and Co.
Prices, Rs. 3, 2, 1 and 8 Annas.

NOVELTY THEATRE.
SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.
POSITIVELY FOR THREE NIGHTS ONLY.
MARCH 21ST, 22ND, AND 23RD.
India's acknowledged Entertainers.
HUDSON'S SURPRISE PARTY.
Patronised by their Royal Highnesses,
The Duke and Duchess of Connaught, the Viceroy and the Marchioness of Lansdowne, Lord and Lady Harris, &c., &c.
MISS MAY HABGOOD.
Miss Nellie Arline. | Miss Blanche Gerard.
Miss Connie Devereux. | Miss Lillie Linton.
MR. TOMMY HUDSON.
Mr. W. Perman. | Mr. W. Carr.
Mr. R. W. Devereux. | Mr. P. Perman.
Mr. R. Nish.
Presenting a Picturesque Entertainment, designed to delight the eye and enchant the ear. Musical dainties dished up by Hudson's Party, and swallowed with repeated cries for more. All the delights of mellifluous Mellody blended with the charm of elegant Song and Dance. Audience rivetted.
SUCCESS A MATTER OF COURSE.
AND DON'T YOU FORGET IT!
The above Congress of Stars will Cogitate, Instrumentiate, Ruminate, and Agitate with all the latest NOVELTIES AND SENSATIONS OF THE DAY.
An Entire Change of Programme
Every Performance.
Popular Prices—Rs. 3, 2, 1.
Box Plan at Messrs. SOUNDY & Company.
Smiling begins 9 P.M.
THOS. P. HUDSON.
Proprietor and Manager.

THE BOMBAY TELEPHONE COMPANY, LD.

NOTICE is hereby given that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 32, Elphinstone Circle, at 2 p.m., on Thursday, the 24th March, 1892, to confirm the Special Resolution passed at the Extraordinary General Meeting, held on the 7th March, 1892, to make the necessary alterations in the Company's Articles of Association consequent upon the change in the management of the Company.
By order of the Directors,
H. BLACKWELL,
Secretary.
Bombay, 16th March, 1892.

THE COLABA LAND AND MILL COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received up to NOON of the 30th instant for the EXTENSION of the COMPANY'S MILL at Colaba, Victoria Bunder.
Specification, Conditions and Copy of Schedule of Rates and Quantities can be had from the Company's office at Colaba on payment of Rs. 2.
The Tenders should be accompanied by a Deposit of Rs. 500 as a guarantee of good faith, which will be forfeited in case of refusal to sign the agreement.
Further Deposit will have to be paid by the Contractor whose Tender may be accepted.
The Company does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.
K. R. CAMA,
Secretary.
Victoria Bunder, Colaba, March 14, 1892.

PRINTING PAPERS Manufactured by Messrs. JOHN DICKINSON and Co., London, specially for Indian Markets.

To-day's issue of the *Bombay Gazette* is printed on J. D. & Co.'s LION BRAND ORANGE LABEL, Glazed Quality Printings.

"NEOSOTE."
"DISINFECTANT POWDER."

DISCOVERED by MESSRS. W. BAIRD and Co., of Glasgow, and much sought after as a valuable and powerful Disinfectant.
This Powder contains in the same volume more Antiseptic than ordinary 20 per cent. powders, and the low price renders it beyond competition.
Price of one cwt. Cask delivered free at the Bombay stations. Rs. 21.
AGENTS:— ROGERS & Co.
Hummum Street, Fort.

IMPORTANT NOTICE
TO COTTON MERCHANTS AND THEIR AGENTS.

I the Undersigned, have just OPENED a COTTON GINNING FACTORY at Palitana, the best Cotton-producing Centre in Kattywar.
Almost all the Cotton Produce pass through my hands, and I can, therefore, purchase the best Cotton on Moderate Commission.
Cotton Merchants and their Agents are requested to send for samples first and then order their Purchase.
Further Particulars can be had on application to
OOSMAN JAMALL,
Owner, Palitana Cotton Ginning Factory, Kattywar.

J. NEUBERG,
MEDOWS STREET,
BOMBAY.
NEW SHIPMENT OF
TRICHINOPOLY
CIGARS & CHEROOTS.
Respectful attention is requested to present Stocks, which are simply unapproachable as regards QUALITY and CONDITION.
☞ Parcels for Friends at Home made up on shortest possible Notice.
SPECIAL REGARD FOR
DUTIABLE WEIGHTS.
FLOR DE JAVAS.
Not to be confounded with so-called JAVAS obtaining elsewhere. These are the ONLY ORIGINAL JAVAS,
FREE DRAUGHT,
SPLENDID CONDITION,
PUREST TOBACCO.

ROYALS	Rs. 4	0 Per 100
TRABUCOS	„ 3	12 „
COQUETAS	„ 3	8 „

Please compare Sizes and Quality with other so-called JAVAS.
FLOR DE SUMATRA CIGARS.

No. 1.....	Rs. 4	0 Per 100
„ 2.....	„ 3	12 „

Special attention is invited to these particularly Choice Cigars.
MALTA CIGARS.
"SPOTTED CABANAS."
VERY CHOICE.
REAL BURMAHS
AND
REAL HAVANNAH CIGARS
BY DIRECT IMPORTATION.
J. NEUBERG,
MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No Trade Advertisements are admitted under this scale.

ELECTRO-PLATED CRUET FRAMES.—Best Triple Silver Plate, Cut Glass Bottles, Rs. 15, 20, 25 and 0 Egg Frames, with Spoons, Rs. 30, 35, 45 and 60. Ice Pails with Servers, Rs. 18, and all other articles of plate for Table and Ornamental use at similar low prices.—MARCKS and Co., Ld., Bombay and Poona.

LADIES' DRAB DOE SKIN GAUNTLET GLOVES, Rs. 4 nett, for Riding, &c., special value or V. P. Post.—BADHAM, PILE and Co., Ld., Bombay.

PIANOFORTE and READING LAMPS, with Parabolic Reflectors, can only be had from the LAMP WAREHOUSE, R. DITMAR, late Theodor Knaust, 60, Esplanade Road.

APPLICANTS are informed that the POSTS of BERTHING MASTERS are FILLED UP.

G. I. P. RY. INSTITUTE, PAREL.—BILLIARD MARKER REQUIRED, at Rs. 14 per mensem. Apply to Honorary Secretary, Parel.

PEARSE'S FRESH GROUND MOKHA COFFEE.—Per lb. Re. 1-4. Roasted and Ground every Day. PEARSE'S FRENCH COFFEE, Per 1 lb. tin Re 1. ½ lb. tin As. 9. Apollo Street, Bombay.

FOR SALE.—A PERTH CART, complete with Pole, Cross Bar, Brake, and a double set of brown Harness. Apply GEO. GAHAGAN & Co., Bellasis Road, Byculla.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, a competent SPINNING MASTER of great experience in Ring and Mule Spinning. Apply to "K.," care of this paper.

WANTED, a HINDOO CORRESPONDING CLERK. Apply to CURSETJEE COWASJEE, G. I. P. Railway Watchmaker, No. 42, Modows Street.

WANTED, an EXPERIENCED GRADUATE (Parsi preferred), as Head Master of Sir Kawasjee Jehangir Nowsari Madressa, for 3 years certain. Salary Rs. 150, and bonus according to Matriculation results. Apply "A.," care of this paper.

WANTED.—A good expert DRAFTSMAN having knowledge of Surveying, levelling and estimating. Salary Rs. 50 per Mensem. Apply with copies of testimonials and specimen of drawings to the EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, Kanara District.

WANTED, in an Attorney's Office, a competent and influential MANAGING CLERK. Apply to V. B. care of this paper, with copies of testimonials and references.

ANNEALED IVORY BILLIARD BALLS.—New Patent Process. Can only be had from JOHN ROBERTS and Co., Ld., Practical Billiard-Table Makers. Prices on application.

FOLDING or TRAVELLING HARMONIUMS, complete in case, with 5 stops, in solid walnut veneered case; compass 3 octaves. This instrument shuts in a box. Rs. 120 to Rs. 140.—STEFFENAUER and Co., Fort, Bombay.

THE INDIAN SQUARE PIANO, the very best Square Piano for the Indian Climate, with all latest improvements, Rs. 650.—S. ROSE and Co., Bombay.

TO LET.—FURNISHED, An UPPER-STORIED BUNGALOW, at Harkness Road, Malabar Hill, for 6 months, from 1st May. Apply to W. LANG, Malabar Hill.

TO SUB-LET.—The OFFICES on the FIRST FLOOR No. 73, Apollo Street. Apply to N. P. NATHAN'S SONS, 73, Apollo Street.

CARRIAGES ON HIRE.—First-class and very Comfortable CARRIAGES of all kinds, with excellent Horses, can be had on Hire by Day or Month at the LIVERY STABLE of MR. PESTONJEE EDULJEE SHROFF, Picket Road, Bombay. A Trial Solicited.

BEST LEATHER, STRONG AND NEAT WORKMANSHIP Solid Double Leather Trunk, Mr. A. Landale's Pattern 32" by 20" by 10" Rs. 45; Single Harness Brass Mount Rs. 30. Double Harness Rs. 60; Hunting Saddle complete, Rs. 20. Apply to RAMLALL BROTHERS formerly Dunkee Lall and Sons, Cawnpore.

SUPPLIER of Domestic Servants, also supplies Musicians for Dances and Parties. Terms moderate. Apply to T. PALMER, care of Messrs. Steffenauer & Co., 6, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

NAGUR'S WORLD RENOWNED Safes and Chests. SAFES for Sale and Hire. Repairs carefully and efficiently executed. New and Old Safes exchanged or sold on commission. New and Second-hand English Safes of all makers.—NAGURDAS PURBHOODAS, 62, Apollo Street, Fort.

HOP-ALE, Ginger-Ale, Raspberryade, Gingerade, Lemonade, Tonic Water, and Seltzer 12 annas per dozen.—ROGERS and Co., Hummum Street.

HANDSOME INDIAN CARVED SCREENS, Overmantles and Easels from Sheeshum and other Light Wood. Also Surat made Blackwood Furniture at very moderate prices at Messrs. S. J. TELLERY & Co., 8, Esplanade, Fort.

F. BAULCH, PIANOFORTE TUNER and REPAIRER, 3 years to T. R. H. Duke and Duchess of Connaught. Pianos FOR SALE, Church Gate Street. Tunings Rs. 5.

SINGING AND PIANO taught by a Lady, trained under the best French and Italian Masters. For terms apply to "B. L. A.," care of Messrs. SOUNDY and Co., Rampart Row.

THE STANDARD NEW ASSURANCES in 1890 were £1,572,248, the Largest Record in the Annals of this Company. Apply SECRETARY, Standard Life Office, Bombay and Calcutta.

LANOWLI HOTEL.—Situated on best site, near Post Office. Only 5 minutes' walk from Station. Rooms, Board, and Lodging excellent; under European Management. For Terms, &c., apply to the Proprietor, S. BOMANJI.

FRESH BREAD and ROLLS, etc., prepared day and night from best European Flour can be had at any time to the entire satisfaction of customers by M. HEARSH, Baker, Grant Road.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorials, Business ANNOUNCEMENTS, BILL FORMS, BOOKS, PAMPHLETS, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude and at lowest rates. Special terms for large contracts. Apply to "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

MAHABLESHWAR DAWK RE-OPENED —Comfortable PHAETON and TONGA DAWKS from POONA to MAHABLESHWAR, also from WATHAR to MAHABLESHWAR, can be obtained at reasonable rates from BURJORJEE PEROSHAW, Diplomaed Dawk Supplier to H. E. the Governor of Bombay and Staff.

EXTRACTS out of numerous testimonials of Badhwala's AGUE PILLS or MIXTURE. Surg-Maj. Jaykar:—It is a safe and reliable remedy. Surg-Maj Reporter:—I have found it very efficacious. J. Y. Lang, Esq., (Dep. Grand Master of all Scottish Freemasonry in India):—Derived immediate benefit from its use. C. Greengrass, Esq., Contractor, Tansa Water Works:—Found it of wonderful efficacy in every case. P. J. Daly, Esq. Chief Guard, S.-M. Railway:—It is really a dying man's Gold drop. Send your orders to Dr. H. L. BATLIWALA, Badur, Bombay. May also be had of Kemp & Co.; Phillips & Co., &c., at Re. 1.

ILLUMINATIONS FOR FESTIVITIES!!! The Portable Electric Light Installation of the "Bombay Gazette" has been renewed and enlarged, and is available for lighting up Public Entertainments, Wedding Festivities, &c. Apply to the ELECTRICIAN, "Bombay Gazette."

THE Undersigned keeps in Stock MISCELLANEOUS STORES for Immediate Supply, such as Mills, Ship and Railway Stores, Hardware, Ammunition, Sulphur, Blasting Powder, Fuses, Red lead, Turpentine, Brusher, Pig lead, all sorts of Paints, Oil, Varnishes, Ropes of best quality and all sizes, Kerosine Oil, of the well-known Brands, Cocoanut Oil, Castor Oil, and many other articles too numerous to mention.
FOR SALE.
SNOW FLAKE KEROSINE OIL 150° to arrive. Orders for large and small quantities will be attended to.
હેપ્તુલા શેઠઆદમની કું૦
i. e., HEPTOOLA SHAIK ADUM and Co.,
Agents for Messrs. Curtis's and Harvey's Gun Powder and Blasting Powder.

FELIX CORNAGLIA,
MANUFACTURING CONFECTIONER, IMPORTER OF FRENCH, ENGLISH, AND ITALIAN PROVISIONS,
WINE MERCHANT.
For fresh and pure Sweets and Chocolates of sorts for Birthday, Christening or Wedding Cakes.
Artistically decorated.
For Dainties, Fancy Confectionery, and choicest Tit-Bits, for good Iced Water or Cream and Ice Pudding and others 1,001 Delicacies,
GO TO
83, MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.
Pic-nics, Dinners, Balls, Soirees and Suppers supplied, All contracts for Viceregal and other Entertainments undertaken throughout India.

SPENCER & CO.'S CIGARS.

PROPRIETARY BRANDS:—

SALISBURYS,	GOLD MOHURS,	SIESTAS,
BEACONFIELDS,	IMPERIALS,	MAYOS,
TORPEDOS,	LITTLE RANDOLPHS,	SUMATRAS,

NOTICE:—SPENCER & Co.'s FACTORY at Dindigul is the LARGEST and MOST COMPLETE CIGAR FACTORY IN INDIA. All their Cigars are made from Picked Material, under trained European Management, and they have no hesitation in stating that their Productions are unequalled by any in India.

PROCURABLE FROM ALL THE PRINCIPAL CIGAR DEALERS THROUGHOUT INDIA.

CIGAR DRYING BOTTLES.

These Bottles are made with hollow stoppers, in which is placed a bag of lime for absorbing moisture. They are much appreciated by smokers in damp climates, and during the monsoon, for keeping Cigars in smoking condition.
Diameter at base, 7 in.
Height, including stopper, 11 in.,
Price Rs. 5-0 nett.
SPECIAL PRICES FOR DEALERS WHICH CAN BE OBTAINED ON APPLICATION.
CIGARS OF ANY SIZE OR SHAPE CAN BE MADE TO ORDER.

SPENCER & CO.,
HEAD OFFICE:—MADRAS.

INSURANCES.

GUARANTEES AGAINST EMBEZZLEMENT.
INDIAN GUARANTEE AND SURETYSHIP ASSOCIATION, LIMITED.
HEAD OFFICE: ALBERT BUILDING, BOMBAY.
Funds in Government Securities and remain in India.
THE Association provides security for the Intromissions and Fidelity of Persons in situations of Trust and Responsibility.
For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms apply to
D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F. I. A.,
Secretary.

COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY.
FIRE, LIFE, AND MARINE.
CAPITAL—£2,500,000.
FUNDS EXCEED £1,950,000.
THE above Company INSURES almost every description of FIRE and SEA RISK and accepts LIFE PROPOSALS at advantageous rates on the shortest notice.
WALLACE & Co., Agents,
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, all the MACHINERY of the BOMBAY SAW MILLS, at Tank Bunder, consisting of Boilers, Engines, Donkeys, various sorts of Saws, and Sawing Machinery, Finishers, Lathes, Pulleys, Shafting, &c., &c. Apply to
HUSSONALLY MULLA HAKIMJEE,
At the Saw Mills, Tank Bunder, or at the Blue Mills, Gurupdeo.

NOW READY—6th EDITION.
ON THE MODERN TREATMENT OF NERVOUS DISEASES and EXHAUSTION IN MEN by LOCAL ABSORPTION, with Testimonials, showing how to obtain a speedy and permanent restoration, without stomach medicines. POST FREE.
E. NORTON,
HOLBORN, LONDON. W. C., ENGLAND.

MACLEAN'S
GUIDE TO BOMBAY
AND
BOMBAY DIRECTORY
FOR
1892.
PRINTED AND PUBLISHED
At the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE.
INDIAN PRICE—Rs. 5; with Postage, Rs. 5-4.
THE GUIDE AND DIRECTORY for the year 1892, contains much new and valuable information brought down to date, and gives the history of the remarkable progress made by the city in recent years.
While recording the advance that has been made in the commerce and manufacturing industry of Bombay the GUIDE gives a comprehensive account of the numerous charitable institutions of the different communities, and accurate and detailed descriptions of the many public buildings which have been completed during the year.
THE BOMBAY DIRECTORY
Has been carefully enlarged, verified, and revised up to the day of going to Press. Valuable information has been added, and special care has been taken that the local information shall meet the wants of commercial men and the general public.
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NATIONAL BANK of INDIA, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL...	£ 1,000,000.
PAID-UP CAPITAL.....	£ 500,000.
RESERVE FUND	£ 100,000.

The Capital has been adjusted at 1s. 6d. per rupee at a cost of £116,625.
HEAD OFFICE:
47, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E. C.
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CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances when the sum at credit exceeds Rs. 1,000.
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Manager.

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On FIXED DEPOSITS for
12 months at 4 per cent. per annum.
6 „ „ 3 „ „
3 „ „ 2 „ „
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JOHN STIVEN,
Agent.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital.....	$	100,00,000
Reserve Fund.....	$	63,00,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors.....	$	100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.
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London Bankers.—LONDON and COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.
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NOTICE.

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MADEIRAS—From the Celebrated "Blandy" Stock.
PORTS—From Hoeper Bros., Oporto.
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CHAMPAGNES—From Henriot and Co., Reims.
CLARETS—From Le Fils D'A Leon Aine, Bordeaux.
HOCKS—From Meyer & Coblenz, Bingen-am-Rhein.
WHISKIES, SCO.—From Pattison, Elder & Co., Leith.
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THE
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BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Names.	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Divd.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.					
Bank of Bombay	20,000	Rs. 500	Rs. 500	Rs. 25	Rs. 992½
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	9 pr. ct.	1,000xd
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	6 pr. ct.	890
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	100,000	£10	all	5 pr. ct.	12½
Charter Bank	40,000	£20	£20	7 pr. ct.	£23
Char. Mercantile	30,000	£25	£25	5 pr. ct.	300
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	80.	$125	all	15 pr. ct.	£53—
National Bank of India	37,320	£25	£12½	6 pr. ct.	175
New Oriental Bank	50,000	£10	all	6 pr. ct.	125
Silver Share	—	—	—	—	90

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock Ashdown	{ 1,000	200	200	10	250	
	{ 750	50	150	7½	195	
Back Bay Baths	500	50	50	12	40	
Badhan Pile	5,000	100	100	12	106	
Bapty Brothers	6,625	200	185	18	42	
Berar Oil Mills Co., Limited	1,250	100	all	Nil.	100nom	
Bombay Fire Insurance	600	2,500	1,000	7o	1,015	
Bombay & Burma Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	1,500	270	3,750	
Do. New Issue	500	375	625	67½	955	
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,250	100	100	ex div 2	80	
Bombay Land and Building Co., Ld.	400	500	500	3 pr.ct.	630	
Bombay Flour Mill	1,000	500	500	Rs. 37½	870	
Deccan Ice Co.	1,170	100	100	4 pr.ct.	15	
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000	500	500	5 pr.ct.	385	
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills	1,500	200	200	Rs. 14	122½	
Geyer&Co., Ld.	500	100	70	..	70 nom	
Indian Guarantee Surety Ship Assn	5,000	100	10	10.pr.ct.	18	
John Roberts & Co.	1,500	100	100	10 pr.ct.	100	
Kemp & Co.	4,000	200	175	26	305	
Kurrachee Landing	500	500	300	30	100	
Mahaburee Ice Manufacturing Co.	3,500	100	100	Nil.	40	
Marcks & Co., Ld.	1,000	100	100	Rs. 10	102	
NapierHotel Co	2,000	100	100	9 pr.ct.	51xd	
NapierFoundry	1,900	100	200	..	60	
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance	5,000	200	50	12 pr.ct.	175	
Oriental Loan	5,000	20	20	8 pr.ct.	15	
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	7 pr.ct.	76	
Port Canning Co.	6,000	1,000	1,000	20	450	
Prince of Wales Fire In.	250	8,000	1,000	N dvd.	2,350	
Royal Flour Mills	2,500	100	100	..	20	
Soundy & Co.	1,000	100	100	9	80	
Southwell and Austin, Ld.	Ord. 1,000	100	100	5 pr.ct.	50	
Do.	Prf. 1,000	100	100	10 pr.ct.	100	
Treacher & Co.	2,000	500	all	85	95	
Thacker & Co.	1,500	100	100	10	103	
Telephone Co.	2,200	25	21	5-8	19½	

PRESS COMPANIES.

				Yearly.	
Akbar	200	1,250	1,250	75	1,100 xd
Albert Ginning Co	100	500	all	18 pr.ct.	450
Albert (Kurrachee)	200	1,100	1,100	90	810
Apollo	750	2,400	2,300	Nil.	205
Bellary	167	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	375
BombayCotton	1,000	125	125	10	120
Breul's Cawnpore PressCo Ld	500	200	200	16	115
Colaba	500	1,880	1,880	45 dvd	320
East India	350	1,000	1,000	130	1,425
English Press and Manfg.	400	250	..	Rs. 20	177½
Fort	315	2,500	2,500	100	975
French	300	500	all	50	520
Harvey and Sabapathy	450	500	500	50	450xd
Hongoli Press Co, Ld	750	400	all	32½	137½
Khangaum	240	450	450	63	470
Mahmadpura CottonG. and P. Co., Ld	300	500	500	pr. ct.	500
Mercantile	1,000	125	125	Rs. 10	80
Mofussil Co	3,125	400	400	Rs. 40	430
Munmar M	1,080	250	all	Rs. 35	245
New Berar	1,200	500	500	55	565
New Indian	4,000	125	125	Rs. 12½	111½
Prince of Wales	00	500	500	20	370
Sabapathy(Bellary)	500	500	75	20	500
Sassoon	300	500	500	25	500
Sind and Punjab Co	100	1,000	1,000	135	1,150
Sind	400	2,000	750	35	445
Sorab Woollen Mills	1,200	250	250	75	210
Volkart	—	1,000	100	Rs. 100	845

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad	600	1,500	1,000	90	1,400
Alliance	1,500	100	all	Rs. 20	490
Anglo-Indian	9,345	100	100	5	73
Bellary S & W Co. Ld. (Bellary)	871	500	all	9 per.ct.	500
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	25	605
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co.	600	500	500	20	300xd
Bombay National Manfg. Co., Ld.	500	1,000	1,000	..	440 nom
Britannia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	30	450
Central India	3,750	500	500	35	1,220
China Mills Co. Ld.	800	1,000	1,000	Nil	500
City of Bombay Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,065
Connaught Mills	600	500	500	10 pr.ct.	670
Colaba Land & Mill	4,000	700	700	30	630
Coorla Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	465
Coral Mills Co., Ld.	5,698	100	100	50	430
David Mill	1,400	500	500	Rs. 20	435xd
Dhun Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	860
Empress	2,100	500	500	10 pr.ct.	585
Framjee Petit	1,250	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	515
Gordon Mills	2,000	1,000	1,000	Nil.	125
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	775
Hingunghat Mill	700	500	500	40	660
Howard and Bullough	1,500	500	500	25	695
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	950
ImperialCotton	900	500	500	..	395
Indian Manfg.	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,045
James Greaves	1,100	500	500	10 pr.ct.	625
Jaffer Alli	600	500	500	Nil.	340
Jamshed Manufacturing Co.	1,800	250	250	12½	215
Jewraz Baloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	30	790
Jubilee Mills Co., Ld	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	500 xd
Khandeish	750	1,000	1,000	30	675
Khangaum Manfg. Co	400	250	250	Nil.	640
Khatao Mackunjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	550
Leopold	3,500	100	100	15 pr.ct.	178
Lord Reay Mfg	445	1,000	1,000	35	700
LukmidasSpinning &Weaving Co	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	1015
Madras United	350	1,000	1,000	100	2175
Mahaluxmee	600	1,000	1,000	Nil.	420
Mahboob Shah Mills (Gulburga)	2,400	500	500	15 pr.ct.	500nom
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	1,000	Rs 70	1520
Mazagon	5,000	250	250	6	125
Morarji Gouldas	1,050	1,000	1,000	70	1,750
Maharaja Mysore S & M Co	4,500	100	100	7 pr.ct.	105
Madura Mills	7,779	100	100	Nil.	pa
National	8500	1,000	1,000	Nil.	160
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	725
Oriental	5,725	625	625	Rs. 12½	435
Presidency Mills Co (Ld.)	743	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,200
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	665
Ripon Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 60	1110
Sassoon	1,500	1,000	1,000	5	1,450
Sholapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	40	1,000
Soonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	35	500
Southern India	1,000	500	500	Nil	100nom
Southern Mahratta	1,212	250	250	12½	200
Sun Mills, Ld.	1,200	250	250	7	215
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	20	505
Swadeshi Mills	3,000	500	500	Rs. 20	510
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co.	900	1,000	1,000	Nil.	675
Victoria Mills	550	1,000	1,000	25	370x
Western India	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	755
Wadia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	..	700

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

				Last half-yearly guar.	
G. I. P. R. Consolidated Stock	—	4100	all	15 p.c	2,400
B. & C. I. R. New £18 Shares	—	£ 18	—	do.	46)

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

English Bar Gold	Rs.	24	
China Leaf	"	23-12	Nominal.
Pekin, Bar Gold old	"	23-3	"
Do. do. new	"	23-6	"
Australia do.	"	23-12	
Bombay do.	"	23-11	
English Sovereigns	"	15	
Do. Drazors	"	15	
Bar Silver 17 Betterness	"	108-9	
Do. 17½ do.	"	108-11	
Carolos Dollars	"	227	Nominal.
Mexican do.	"	223	"
Five-Francs	"	295	"

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Dance at Ladies' Gymkhana.
Light Horse Camp Inspection.
Music at the Yacht Club, 6 p.m.
Theistic Association Night Schools, Girgaum, 8-30 p.m.
Fillis's Hippodrome, 9 p.m.
Skating Rink, 11 a.m. to 11 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday:—City of Persia (s), from Liverpool; Algoma (s), Cardiff; and Elektra (s), Hongkong.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday:—O'Campo (s), for Busreh, &c.; Rydal Hall (s), and Worsley Hall (s), Liverpool, &c.; Mobile (s) Mussowa, &c.; and German man-of-war Moewe, Zanzibar.

POLO.—There will not be a game to-day.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The s.s City of Perth and Elektra entered the dock yesterday, and the s.s. Worsley Hall left it on Wednesday, and the Baron Ardrossan yesterday.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Karachi, Sind, and the Kathiawar Coast Ports, per extra s. s. Karagola, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 8 a.m., on Saturday, the 19th instant.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s.s. Kate B. Jones entered and the s.s. Ocampo and Rydal Hall left the dock on Wednesday, and the s.s. Emin entered and the s.s. Assam and Mobile left it yesterday.

THE KATHIAWAR DACOITS.—It appears that the dacoits with whom the Junagad Police had an encounter on Monday, are in the Ghir, on Tuesday they looted Kabarda, a village in the Ghir, belonging to Dhari, and about ten miles distant from the latter. One hundred men from the Dhari battalion have been sent to the scene of the loot, and State ghists are also there.

MUSIC AT THE YACHT CLUB.—The Band of the King's Own Yorkshire Light Infantry will play the following programme, at the Royal Bombay Yacht Club, this evening, at 6 o'clock:—

Lancers	Ruddigore ..... Bucalossi.
Overture	Le Fidele Berger ..... Adam.
Valse	Souviens Toi ..... Waldteufel.
Song	The Harmonious Blacksmith. Handel.
Selection	Rigoletto ..... Verdi.
Polka	Resi ..... Zavertal.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

HUDSON'S SURPRISE PARTY.—That ever welcome visitor, Mr. T. Hudson, and his company of merry makers are coming to Bombay again. On Monday evening they open in the Novelty Theatre. This visit is a short one, as they only stay three nights, and depart again. The company is almost entirely new, and includes two strangers to Bombay, namely, Miss Nellie Arline and Miss Connie Devereux. With the exception of Mr. Hudson himself and Mr. Nish, the gentlemen of the company, four in number, are all new to Bombay, and as Mr. Hudson, when he does make changes, never fails to secure good talent, we may expect some of the latest Novelties. As the advertisment states, every evening an entire change of programme is announced; therefore, if the stay be short, the business should be good.

ADMINISTERING LIQUOR TO A CHILD.—At the Girgaum Police Court, yesterday, Mahomed Ibrahim, a Mahomedan musician, was charged before Mr. W. R. Hamilton, Second Presidency Magistrate, with administering *bevora* liquor to a girl, named Daeli, about ten years of age, living with her parents, at Coomarwada. On the 12th instant the girl went to the house of her uncle, at Grant Road, and whilst she was returning home in the evening the accused met her on the way, at Falkland Road, and induced the girl to accompany him to a liquor-shop where he gave her two glasses of *bevora* liquor to drink, and took only one glass for himself. He then gave the girl some *bhajiaks* to eat. The girl went home under the influence of liquor, and her father seeing that she was in an intoxicated state, interrogated her, when the girl replied that she had been given liquor by the accused. The girl then became unconscious, but when she regained consciousness she pointed out the accused, who then happened to be standing near her house. The accused, in his defence, stated that he knew the girl and her father for a long time, and it was at the request of the girl that he treated her to liquor, and he had no bad motive in view in doing so. The Magistrate found that the accused had no ill motive in view, but considered the liquor which he administered her was injurious. She had to be treated at the J. J. Hospital. The Magistrate, therefore, fined the accused Rs. 10.

BRUTAL ASSAULT ON A HINDU.—At the Girgaum Police Court yesterday, Balaram Dugroo and Ganput Ramjee were charged before Mr. W. R. Hamilton, Second Presidency Magistrate, with seriously assaulting Babajee Ramjee, a servant to a Parsee liquor shopkeeper, named Shapoorjee Dadabhoy. On the 25th of January last the accused, who are the members of a gymnasium, went to the complainant's shop at Sopari Baug, and gave him two annas, asking him to give them liquor for the money. The complainant gave them two annas worth of liquor, but the accused said that it was not sufficient for them, and they asked the complainant to fill up the glasses without any extra charge, saying that as he was a servant only he would not lose anything by his being charitable in providing them with liquor to their heart's content. The complainant said that he was responsible to his master, and so he could not comply with their request. The accused, thereupon, got angry and left the shop, saying they would "see him." The same evening at the time of the complainant's going home, the accused lay in ambush until the man arrived, when without any warning the culprits fell upon him and belaboured him unmercifully with heavy clubs until he dropped down unconscious. They then ran away. The police removed the complainant to the J. J. Hospital, where his wounds, which were of a serious nature, were dressed. Owing to the injuries inflicted upon him he had to remain in the hospital for more than a month and a-half. The first accused, who was defended by Mr. Shamrao Pandurang, denied the charge and contended that the assault had been committed by somebody else. The second accused, who was defended by Mr. Shamrao M. Rele, also made a similar defence. The Magistrate convicted both the accused on the evidence, and sentenced them to six months' and four months' rigorous imprisonment respectively.

DIVINE SERVICE.

SAINT THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.
FRIDAY, MARCH 18.
8-30 p.m.—Lent Service and Address.

YESTERDAY afternoon, the Bombay Municipal Corporation occupied the whole of its sitting in the consideration of the circumstances under which the Standing Committee awarded to Messrs. Glover and Co., contractors of the Tansa Dam, the sum of Rs. 1,20,000 in settlement of a claim made by the contractors for Rs. 4,39,874 above the amount of the contract. Dr. Blaney moved a lengthy resolution which requested the Corporation to express the opinion that the claim of Messrs. Glover and Co., was with the exception of a small amount not for any extra work done, but extra rates on a particular item of work; that the amount paid was not a compromise, the contractors having been paid more than they could have successfully sued the Corporation for; that the Corporation regretted that a majority of the members of the Standing Committee should not have considered it necessary to peruse the papers themselves before sanctioning the payment, and that the Corporation considered the action of the Standing Committee was open to censure. The motion was seconded by Dr. Modi, and Mr. A. M. Dharamsi in supporting it occupied the attention of the Corporation about an hour and a half, during which time he reviewed the whole question and endeavoured to show that the amount paid was far in excess of the amount originally claimed by the contractors, and much more than could have been obtained in a court of law. At the termination of Mr. Dharamsi's speech the Corporation adjourned, and the question will again come up for discussion at the next meeting of the body.

ON the Mushkaf line, which will give better access to Quetta through the Bolan than now exists, a good deal is also being done. Here the engineers have begun on the Mach section, and a temporary line will be made to connect the new alignment with the lower portion of the existing Bolan Railway. This will give improved communication even before the Mushkaf project as a whole is completed. Two years or more must pass before the route from end to end is ready for use, as one fairly long tunnel will have to be driven through the hills separating the Mushkaf Valley from the Bolan.

HIGH COURT.—ORIGINAL SIDE.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice FARRAN.)

DISPUTE REGARDING A CHARTER-PARTY.

HAJEE ABDOOL RAHMAN ALLARAKHIA VS. HASSUMBHOY VISRAM AND OTHERS.

THE plaintiff prayed that it might be declared that he was, under the circumstances mentioned in the plaint, entitled to be repaid the sums of Rs. 1,500, Rs. 500, and Rs. 10,000 paid by him to the defendants in respect of the agreement endorsed on the charter-party of the steam-ship Sultan, dated the 11th June 1890; that the defendants might be ordered to pay these sums with interest by way of damages; that the rights and liabilities of the plaintiff and defendants might be declared; that the defendants might be ordered to pay to the plaintiff the damages claimed in the plaint, and that in the alternative they might be ordered to pay to him the sum of Rs. 4,000, being one-third share of the Rs. 12,000, &c. Mr. Jardine and Mr. Anderson, instructed by Messrs. Crawford, Burder, Buckland, and Bayley, appeared for the plaintiff; and the Hon. Mr. Latham and Mr. Buddroodin, instructed by Messrs. Conroy and Brown, appeared for the defendants, who traded under the name of the firm of Visram Ebrahim and Company.

The circumstances under which the suit was brought are these: On the 11th June 1890, the plaintiff chartered from the defendants the steamship Sultan to carry a full cargo of pilgrims from Jeddah to Calcutta at Rs. 20 per head. A sum of Rs. 3,000 was payable on the signing of the charter-party, the balance, forty-eight hours before sailing from Jeddah; the steamer not to sail from Jeddah before the 10th August, 1890. By an agreement endorsed on the charter-party, it was agreed that the owners were to have the option of requiring the charterer to ship salt at Raj Rowaya or at Aden to fill the lower holds of the steamer, and that Rs. 12,000, should be paid before delivery at the port of discharge, Rs. 1,500 to be paid in Bombay on account, and Rs. 500 before the steamer left Jeddah. The sum of Rs. 1,500 was paid by the plaintiff on the 18th June, 1890. The Sultan arrived at Jeddah on the 17th, and on the 19th July, 1890, the defendants' agent there wrote to the plaintiff that she would finish discharging by the 21st July, and called upon the plaintiff to name the port at which he wished to load salt and to pay the Rs. 500 agreed upon. The defendants' agent on the 20th July wrote to the plaintiff that the Sultan would be ready to sail for the port at which she was to load salt on the 22nd July, and required the plaintiff to name the port he wished to go to and pay the Rs. 500 agreed upon. The plaintiff on the 22nd July replied, requesting the defendant to proceed to Aden to load salt, and sending the Rs. 500. The defendants' agent gave a receipt for the Rs. 500, and agreed to the port at which the salt was to be loaded being Aden. On the 23rd July the plaintiff sent an order to the master of the steamer to sail, but he refused to do so. The plaintiff thereupon made a protest before the Acting Consul. The master, on the 25th July, made another protest before the Acting Consul, from which it appeared that his refusal to sail for Aden was because he wanted a guarantee for the payment of the Rs. 12,000 freight or a guarantee that the salt would be loaded at Aden, neither of which guarantees was he entitled to require from the plaintiff. On the 30th July the master sent a notice to the plaintiff, in which he said that the owners elected to go and load salt at Rowaya. The plaintiff submitted that the circumstances set forth in the plaint amounted to an election by the owners of Aden as the port at which salt was to be loaded, and that in any event it was too late, on the 30th July, for the owners to elect to go to Rowaya to load salt, and that he was, under the circumstances, absolved from all liability to pay the sum of Rs. 12,000, and that the defendants were not entitled to demand or retain the sum from him. He further submitted that, even if he was bound to load salt at Rowaya, as now alleged by the defendants, he would only be entitled to damages for the breach of such obligation; and that the sum of Rs. 12,000 was not the measure of such damages, but a much less sum, as the defendants in not going to Rowaya saved several days' use of the steamer, wages of master and crew, expenditure for coals and other expenses that they would have had to incur to earn the Rs. 12,000. The plaintiff said that, on the 2nd August, the master of the Sultan illegally demanded of him payment of the sum of Rs. 12,000 to be made forty-eight hours before the pilgrims embarked; and the plaintiff on the 4th August entered a protest before the Acting Consul. The master, however, refusing to embark the pilgrims unless the plaintiff paid him Rs. 10,000 (which, with Rs. 1,500 already paid in Bombay, and Rs. 500 already paid at Jeddah, made up the sum of Rs. 12,000), the plaintiff was forced under protest to pay his illegal demand, namely, to the sum of Rs. 10,000 although the same was not really due by him, as otherwise great loss and damage would have resulted to him by reason of the master's refusal to take on board the pilgrims and proceed on the voyage to Calcutta. The plaintiff on the 7th August entered another protest before the Acting Consul. The plaintiff said that in any event the defendants themselves had agreed to take a one-third share in the salt to be loaded at Rowaya or Aden, and were in any event bound to pay one-third of the Rs. 12,000 themselves. The plaintiff had lost the profits he would have made if the steamer had proceeded to Aden and loaded salt there, as she could have done, and he claimed Rs. 4,571 damages on account thereof.

The defence was that the defendants had no personal knowledge as to some of the matters alleged in the plaint, and they put the plaintiff to the proof thereof. If the letters of the 19th and 20th July were written as alleged, they were not written by the defendant's authority, and they said they were not bound thereby. They did not authorise their agent at Jeddah to agree that Aden should be the port at which the salt was to be shipped, and if the agent so agreed the agreement was not binding on them. If the master refused, as alleged, to proceed to Aden, he was justified in so doing, as the defendants had the option to name the port at which the salt was to be loaded. The plaintiff had no salt to load at either of the two ports, and was only endeavouring to evade his liability to load salt. The defendants submitted that they did not elect that Aden should be the port at which salt was to be loaded, and they denied that it was too late on the 30th July to elect to go to Rowaya. They denied that any less sum than Rs. 12,000 would be the measure of the damages sustained by them by reason of the plaintiff's failure to load salt, and they said they were entitled to retain that sum. They were always ready to return to the plaintiff Rs. 4,000 as one-third share of the Rs. 12,000. They submitted, therefore, that the plaintiff should be ordered to pay the costs of the suit.

Evidence in the case was heard during the day.

BANK OF MADRAS.

Statement of the affairs of the Bank of Madras for the week ending 5th March, 1892:—

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	a.	p.
Capital paid up	50,00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund	14,00,000	0	0
Public Deposits at Head Office, Rs. 24,17,022-10-3			
Public Deposits at Branches " 48,62,819-3-9	72,79,841	14	0
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	211,40,477	1	10
Bank Post Bills, &c.	69,299	13	3
Sundries	4,43,439	15	2
Total Rs.	353,23,058	12	3

ASSETS.			
Government Securities	22,84,879	1	2
Other authorised Investments	11,42,559	14	0
Loans on Government and other authorised Securities	108,99,323	3	0
Accounts of Credit on Government and other authorised Securities	22,23,737	7	0
Bills discounted and purchased	75,67,783	3	9
Balances with other Banks	4,43,367	2	9
Bullion	17,977	2	11
Dead stock	2,89,598	14	5
Stamps	10,806	11	11
Sundries	20,757	5	10
	249,00,795	2	9
Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office and Branches	104,32,263	9	6
Rs.	353,33,058	12	3

A TREASURE trove is reported from Patiala, where, during some excavations, several wooden chests containing old gold mohurs were found.

ACCORDING to the Honkong paper, several further failures among the piece-goods merchants at Foochow are reported. The slackness of business and over-heavy stocks were the largest causes of financial embarrassment, and the pressure brought to bear by the *lekin* collectors was in each case the proverbial "last straw."

THE total number of labourers on Famine Relief Works in the Madras Presidency during the fortnight ending 1st March was 32,855, and of those receiving gratuitous relief 1,218, against 29,319 and 1,241, respectively, in the previous fortnight, an increase of 12 per cent. in the former and of 2 per cent. in the latter. In the Deccan districts the numbers on relief works were 23,624, *viz.*, 7,927 men, 11,076 women, and 4,621 children; and in receipt of gratuitous relief 970, *viz.*, 76 men 16 women, and 734 children. In the East Coast district those on relief works amounted to 4,566, *viz.*, 1,980 men, 2,035 women, and 551 children, but none were receiving gratuitous relief. In the South Central districts those on relief works numbered 4,665, *viz.*, 1,171 men, 2,742 women, and 752 children; and those receiving gratuitous relief amounted to 248, *viz.*, 35 men, 84 women, and 129 children.

SURAT AND MR. JUSTICE BIRDWOOD.

A MEETING of the members of the Surat Bar was convened at the instance of the Government Pleader, Rao Saheb Raghunathji Nitchabhai in the Surat Pleaders' Room on Wednesday, when the following resolutions were passed:—1, Proposed by Mr. Gulabdas Bhaidas and seconded by Mr. Jevachram Keshavram and carried unanimously. 2, That Mr. Kallabhai Lallubhai be called to the chair. The chairman having explained the object of the meeting, it was proposed by Rao Saheb Raghunathji Nichhabhai, and seconded by Mr. Bezonji Manekji and carried unanimously, "That this meeting has received with unmixed pleasure the news of the elevation of the Hon. Mr. H. M. Birdwood, who was for many years District Judge of Surat to a seat in the Executive Council of H. E. the Governor of Bombay; and begs to offer its sincere congratulations on this fit recognition of his services by her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen-Empress of India. Proposed by Mr. Ranchhoddas Parbhudas and seconded by Mr. Surbhai Trikamdas and carried unanimously, that the chairman be requested to forward a copy of the above resolution to the Honourable Mr. H. M. Birdwood, Proposed by Mr. Madanrai Magatrai and seconded by Mr. Balvantrai Trospurashanker, and carried unanimously, that the best thanks of the meeting be accorded to the chairmain for his able conduct in the chair.

HIGH COURT.—MARCH 18.

(Before the Hon'ble the CHIEF JUSTICE and the Hon'ble Mr JUSTICE FARRAN.)

Reference from the Bombay Court of Small Causes.

7-90—Little S F and N—Goverdhandas Gokaldas Tejpal vs The Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay—Crawford B and Co.

Appeals for Hearing and Final Disposal.

739—In person—A pauper—Dadabhai Cursetjee vs C A Turner—Tyabjee and D.

721—Chitnis M and M for pauper—Lumbabai vs Shivjee Dhurmajee—Payne G and S.

727—Shamrao P—Dharmajee Shimryajee Nakhwa vs Maya Bhika and others—Chalk W and S.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr Justice BAYLEY.)

For Dismissal.

4-92—In person—Dewoobai alias Chandrabagabai vs Karee Ramchandra—Janardhan and A.

Testamentary Suits.

31-91—Little S F and N—Shah Mogjee Sanjee and others vs. Soni Petamber Jeetaji—Roughton and B.

7-91—Chalk, W and S—Nana Babajee vs. Bagerthibai—M N Saklatwalla.

9-90—Crawford B and Co.—Luckmidas Runchordas and others vs. Luckmibai and others—M H Khan and P G and S.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice TELANG.)
(At 11 a.m.)

For Argument of Rule.

263-91—Bicknell and M—Jeejeebai Aliass Jeewanbai vs Bhimrao Atmaram and another—Ardeshir H and D.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice PARSONS.)

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Postponed Long Causes.

102-91—Tyabjee and D—For pauper—Luxmibai vs Balsott Narayen—R Skipsey.

Defended New Long Causes.

621-91—Shamrao P—Krishnajee Balwant Wagle Sunderrao Pandoorang Sanzgiray and another—In person—(A pauper).

481-89—Little, S F and N—Charles Anthony Beyts and another vs Kessowjee Cullianjee—Balkrishna V N K.

683-91—In person—a pauper—Irappa Hari vs Tookaram Sidoo and others—In person.

686-91—In person—a pauper—Ramdayal Anandiram vs Devidin Madarilal and others—In person.

Payne, G and S—T H Moore and another vs Rahim Amoobaddin and others—Ardeshir, H and D.

693-91—Bhaishunker and K—Dayal Bhimjee vs Premjee Ramjee—Crawford B. and Co.

12-92—Ardeshir H and D—Shapurjee Framjee Buxey vs Jeejeebhoy Jehangeer Buxey—M N Saklatwalla.

16-92—Conroy and B—Sir Edward Bates and others vs Govedhun Pitamber—K J Mantri.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice FARRAN.)

After Appeal Court.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Postponed Long Causes.

662-90—In person—Abdul Cayum Sarafali vs Eduljee Nusserwanjee—Ardeshir, H and D—Part heard.

71-92—In person—a pauper—Vazrabai Harca Goolam vs Hoosein Hyderalli—Mirza H Khan.

95-91—Roughton and B for a pauper—M da G Lobo vs Rustomjee Dhunjeebhoy Daroowala—J C Cama.

254-91—Crawford B and Co—Rusoolbai and others vs Hawabai and others—Pestonjee and R, W and G.

303-91—T A Bland—Ludhibai Thaker vs Ruttonsey Kurumsey—Payne, G and S.

143-91—Janardhan and A—Ahmedbhoy Habibhoy vs Molvi H Dayatoola Sin Molvi—Ardasir H and D. Manshukla l D and J Molvi, Macfarlane E and H.

269-91—M H Khan—Hoorbai vs Shaik Noor Cassum and others—E Wilkin and M H Khan

271-91—Payne G and S—Juma Ludha and another vs Nathmull Poonjaram—Macfarlane E and H.

132-91—M N Saklatwalla (for pauper)—Khooshaba Vithoba Marby vs—Bappoo Kondappa and others—Chitnis M and M.

DAILY IMPORTS.—MARCH 17.

FROM GLASGOW.

Arabia s—6 cases exercise books, &c, H Abdoolally; 27 cases paper, The "Times of India."

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Arabia s—38 casks flooring tiles, Warden and Co; 9 cases plate glass, S Essajee; 28 barrels lubricating oil, Jamsetjee and Co.

FROM NEW YORK.

Arabia s—55 cases provisions, Treacher and Co.

FROM LONDON.

O'Campo s—2 cases paper, The "Times of India"; 6 cases stationery, H Abdoolally; 10 cases beef and pork, Jamshedjee J Dubash; 10 casks paint, B Sazba and Co; 13 packages paper, &c, N Cumroodin; 4 cases paper, B Furdoonjee and Co; 150 drums turpentine, G Amroodin; 51 drums lubricating oil, A Abdoolcader; 55 cases oilmenstores, &c, R Jooma; 14 bales paper, and 3 cases printing ink, M A Essahhoy and Co.

Shannon s—11 cases tobacco, Hormuz Sheriar.

FROM HULL.

Rosario s—13 casks oilmenstores, S Hebtoola.

Iago s—50 drums linseed oil, R Sorabjee and Co.

FROM HAMBURG.

Drachenfels s—20 bales papers, Volkart Brothers.

FROM ANTWERP.

O'Campo s—6 cases plate glass, S Essajee; 20 cases paper, S A S Dawood.

FROM TRIESTE.

Imperatrix s—27 cases papers, Volkart Brothers.

DAILY EXPORTS.—MARCH 17.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Arabia s—6 bales woollen carpets, 2 cases cotton skirts, and 1 case silk skirts, Finlay, Muir and Co; 2,000 cwts wheat William Bell and Co; 25 cases condiments, M Poonjiajee and Sons; 12 cases condiments, and 3 cases chutney, Manockjee Poonjiajee and Sons; 100 bales hemp, Tyabjee and Co; 65 bales wool, David Sassoon and Co.

Eden Hall s—60 cwts coir yarn, A Madew; 525 cwts myrabollams, Lamjee Megjee; 330 cwts myrabollams, B Sajun.

FOR LONDON.

Shannon s—10 cases bristles, Gladc and Co; 12 bales skins, P Damjee; 8 bales skins and hides, E Purdina; 16 bales skins, H C H Gunney; 510 cwts myrabollams, D Megjee; 17½ cwts fishmaws, 6½ cwts mother-of pearl shell, 130lbs tortoise shell, and 630 cwts myrabollams, B Sajun; 19 cwts fishmaws, C Tarmamed.

Mary Boyts s—1,271 cwts myrabollams, Boyts Craig and Co; 3,000 cwts myrabollams, E Spinner and Co; 40 cwts horns, J M Remtoola.

Siam s—14½ cwts ivory, N Moanee.

FOR HULL

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 19th Inst., at 1 p.m. Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Frere Road, next to Victoria Dock, over Seamen's Rest, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood household furniture, plated, glass and crockeryware, handsome Mahogany harmonium, lamps, pictures, carpets, fancy table ornamen's, China flower vases, &c., the property of THOMAS COURY Esq.
The above is on view.

On SUNDAY, the 20th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Lady Jamsetjee Road, Mahim, opposite the Hotel, the valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, glassware, crockery, pictures, carpets, table and hanging kerosine-oil lamp, table ornaments, &c., the property of Khan Bahadoor SORABJEE MERWANJEE HAIVAL.
The above is now on view.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

ON MONDAY next, the 21st Inst. at 2 p.m. MESSRS. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by public auction at their Rooms, a quantity of grey white and colored piece goods and the following :—
2 Boxes, Carte D'Or (champagne)
50 ,, Sicilian wine.
The property of a gentleman consisting of artist's materials, small shot rifle, silver calendar watch, Railway watches, oil paintings, Hydrometers, surgeon's amputation case, iron cot in case, pictures, &c.
On account and at the risk of Mahomedally Sumsoodin ex s. s. Braunfels and Rheinfels.
B—491—1 case, Black velvet ribbon.
Do. 1 ,, ,, ,,
On account of the concerned ex s. s. Bengal.
P—N—K & Co—475—1469—10)-1. 2 cases, 32 pieces navy flannel.

AT 2 P. M.

1 Handsome new victoria.
1 Handsome landau.
1 Strong serviceable open carriage.
1 Pair of grey horses going in double harness.
1 Safety bicycle in good order, and any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY IN BHUNDAREE STREET OUTSIDE THE FORT.

On TUESDAY next, the 22nd instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises by order of the mortgagee, Crushna Futta and Co., and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor, Aamjee Ramjee Mistry, in pursuance of the power of sale given in the Indenture of Mortgage, dated the 11th day of December, 1875, and in the Indentures of further charge, dated the 3rd day of September, 1885, and 1st day of April, 1886, the following property, viz. :—
All that piece of Government ground together with the dwelling house standing thereon, situate on the west side of Bhundaree Street, in the sub-district of Bombay outside the Fort of Bombay, formerly and now in the occupation of the tenants of the said Aamjee Ramjee, and assessed under old No. 106 and new Street Nos. 68, 70, and 72, and ward No. 7515 containing by a measurement 148 square yards or thereabouts, and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 1993, and bounded on the east by the said Bhandaree Street, on the west by the Hallalcore passage, on the north by the house of Ramjee Khundoojee, and on the south by the house of Jewa Narayen.
For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

On TUESDAY, the 22nd instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 52, opposite the Customs House, Fort, the valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, plated ware, crockery and glassware. China and Japanese flower vases, Hink's table and hanging lamps, Brussels carpets, pictures, fancy table ornaments, &c., the property of W. HORN, Esq.
Catalogues will be published and the property is on view.

On THURSDAY, the 24th instant, at 1 p.m. Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Medows Street, Fort, in the premises lately occupied by Messrs. Macropolo, the valuable surplus stock-in-trade of Mr. Jamsetjee Nowrojee Cabinet-maker, consisting of handsome drawing-room suits upholstered in rich tapestry, also dining-room, bed-room and library furniture, handsome China and English flower vases, rich Mirzapore Carpets, superior table ornaments, &c.
Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

Under instructions from the Administrator-General, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms on Thursday next, the 24th inst. at 2½ p.m.
The effects of the late Mr. C. M. Pearce, consisting of wind pier dressing and fitting tables, bedstead, screen, chest of drawers, glass door windrobe, arm, without arm, easy and reclining chairs, teapoys, bentwood and cane chairs, cottage Piano by S. Rose and Co. dressing glasses, sofa, pictures, sextant, telescope, hanging, table and wall lamps, Banjo, air-gun, table ornaments, books, carpenters' tools, glassware, crockery, spoons and forks, wearing apparel, &c.
The effects of the late Dewkarao, consisting of pearl ear drop, gold Ramnavmi and Mandaha and silver idols.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On FRIDAY, the 25th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Rampart Row, Fort, above Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.'s offices, the valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood Roberts and Wimbridge made dining-room, drawing-room and bed-room furniture, best plated-ware, very rich crockery and glassware, handsome Hink's lamps, Persian carpets, rich table ornaments, English-made large ice box, a set of six billiard lamps with shades by Hinks, etc., the property of J. A. CASSELS, Esq.
Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT WORLEE.

Owned by the late Mr. Henry Cleveland and known as
1.—"CLEVELAND Bunder."
2.—"FLAG STAFF Hill."

On SATURDAY, the 26th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will offer for sale by Public Auction, on the Cleveland Bunder, at Worlee, unless previously disposed of by private contract, the abovenamed properties in two lots, by order of the widow of the deceased—
LOT 1.—About 50,000 square yards of reclaimed ground, including land along the creek reserved as a bunder for landing and shipment of the following classes of goods only :—
Fresh fish, fishing nets, firewood, cadjans, batty, chunam, hay, straw, dry fish, tiles, bricks, clay, earth, coals, fishing stakes, bamboos, bark baskets (empty), coke (loose), earthen pots, fruits (loose), hides (loose), kanker, limestone, oilcakes (loose) rafters, sand, stones, vegetables from and to Indian ports and goods to and from Customs Ports by native craft only except dutiable and restricted goods.
(This lot will include the bunder rights of the owner.)
LOT 2.—The unsold portion of Flagstaff Hill, about 37,000 square yards, subject to certain rights of way over the private roads.
The ground is free of rent.
For further particulars apply to Mr. Jamsetjee Pestonjee Randaria, care of Messrs. Little, Smith, Frere, and Nicholson, or to the undersigned.

On WEDNESDAY, the 30th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Land's End, Narayen Daboolkar Road, Malabar Hill, the valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, by Wimbridge, Roberts, and others, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware by Treacher, table linen, rich Brussels and Persian carpets, marble clock, strikes hour and half hour, Hink's and Ditmar's lamps, oil paintings, handsome Hink's and Ditmar's table and hanging kerosine lamps, rich Brussels and Persian carpets, a large collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, &c., the property of Sir R. GILBERT, Esq., and S. A. NATHAN, Esq., changing residence.
Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view four days before the day of sale.
N. B.—The plants will be sold at 7 a.m. on the same morning.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, March 18, 1892.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 19th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Church Street, Mazagon, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood, plain and carved French-polished household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, first-rate pictures and oleographs, rich table ornaments, handsome China and Japanese vases, Brussels and Persian carpets, Ditmar's table and hanging lamps, one handsome strong English-built Victoria as good as new, one mail phaeton, quite new, &c..&c., the property of J. B. TOTHILL, Esq.
Catalogues are published and the property is now on view.

On SATURDAY, the 19th instant, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, &c.
On account of the concerned, 50 bundles iron water pipes of various sizes.

AT 1-30 P.M.

1 handsome strong second-hand Victoria with removeable coach-box.
1 second-hand glass-fronted miniature brougham in good order.
1 second-hand strong mail phaeton convertible into a waggonette.
1 handsome strong bay Arab, 14 hands, 10 years old, quiet to ride and drive.
1 chestnut C. B. pony, quiet in saddle.
1 bull terrier dog, 9 months old, good ratter and watch-dog, color white.
1 handsome bay Waler, 16-2.
1 handsome landau, nearly new, in very good order.
1 Light Bay Australian Mare, 8 years old, 15-2 high, perfectly quiet to ride or drive.
1 Bay Arab horse, age 6 years, height 14-3, good looking, broken to saddle and harness, a strong serviceable slave.

BONA FIDE SALE.

On SATURDAY, the 26th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Parel, near the G. I. P. Railway Workshop, the very valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French-polished household furniture, made to order by Mr. Wimbridge, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, handsome China and Japanese vases, table ornaments, rich Brussels, and Persian carpets, first-rate oil paintings in gilt frame, a collection of choice and rare plants, &c., &c., the property of J. DAGLISH, Esq.
Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view from WEDNESDAY next.

On MONDAY, the 28th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at "The Ridge," Malabar Hill, near the Sirl Road, the very valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French-polished household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, handsome China and Japanese vases, rich table ornaments, first-rate oil paintings, handsome Hink's and Ditmar's table and hanging kerosine lamps, rich Brussels and Persian carpets, a large collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, &c., the property of Sir R. GILBERT, Esq., and S. A. NATHAN, Esq., changing residence.
Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view four days before the day of sale.
N. B.—The plants will be sold at 7 a.m. on the same morning.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, March 18, 1892.

A SPECIAL UNIVERSITY CONVOCATION.

A CONVOCATION for conferring the HONORARY DEGREE of DOCTOR in the FACULTY of LAW on the HON'BLE SIR RAYMOND WEST, C.S., M.A., LL.D., F.R.G.S., K.C.I.E., will be held in the Sir Cowasjee Jehanghier Hall, of the University, on THURSDAY, the 24th March, 1892, at 5-30 P.M.
A limited number of Admission Cards will be available for the General Public. Persons wishing to attend should apply to the Undersigned on or before SATURDAY, the 19th instant, at 2 P.M.
The space behind the Chancellor's Chair will be reserved for Graduates desirous of coming in their Academic Robes. Tickets of Admission must be applied for not later than SATURDAY, the 19th instant, at 2 P.M.

By Order,
D. MACDONALD, M.D., B.Sc. C.M.
University Registrar.

Bombay, 15th March, 1892.

REPAIR DEPARTMENT.

OUR resources in this Department have of late greatly developed, and we can execute any Orders relative to Mechanical, Surveying, Drawings, Mathematical, Nautical, Optical or Astronomical Appliances, as expeditiously and cheaply as any Firm in India, and we rely upon the Superior Character of our work to obtain for us a fair share of Public Patronage. Our European Watchmakers have all served their Apprenticeship in the First Manufactories in Europe, and have been selected and brought to India by ourselves, and cannot be surpassed for the excellence of their work. Complicated Pieces, such as Repeaters, Calendar-Watches, Chronometers, &c., may be entrusted to us in the full Confidence that the repair will be done in a thoroughly satisfactory Manner and Guaranteed.
Repairs to Jewellery, Spectacles, &c., are most carefully attended to, being under direct European Supervision.

MARCKS & COMPANY, LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

SCOTT AND Co., M.R.C.V.S.,
VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion Rs. 5, Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold, Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness in the yard. Single, Rs. 15; double, Rs. 30. The Horse-shoeing Forge is under the management of a thoroughly practical Kaghan Farrier, and every class of shoeing is done.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,
SURGEON DENTIST,
No. 3, HORNBY ROW,
Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS are specific for all Bilious Affections.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS cure Melancholy, sick Headaches and Costiveness.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS are a sovereign remedy for Erysipelas, Diseases of the Skin and Inflammation.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS have succeeded in working an effective cure when all other Drugs have failed.

ESTABLISHED IN A. D. 1888.
S. N. GHOSH'S COMPOUND DECOCTION
SARSAPARILLA.

THIS preparation has been prescribed with great success in cases of Weakness, Scurvy, Scrofula, Rheumatic Affections, Sore-eyes and all other diseases arising from impurities of the blood. Price: Re. 1-8 per phial, packing, As. 4; Dozen, Rs. 15.

WONDERFUL RHEUMATIC OIL, S. N. G.'S.

It is a valuable remedy in Rheumatism, Lumbago Sciatica, Rheumatic Gout, etc., of any standing. Price Re. 1 per phial; packing, As. 2; Dozen, Rs. 10.

SPLEEN MIXTURE, S. N. G.'s.

Is one of the best and most reliable medicines for Spleen Enlargement, and never fails to give relief. Price; Re. 1-4 per phial; packing, As. 2; Dozen, Rs. 12.

S. N. GHOSH, Chemist,
No. 85, Bechoo Chatterjee Street, Calcutta.

EUROPE AND COLONIAL EXPRESS, BOMBAY,
IN CO-OPERATION WITH THE
FOREIGN AND COLONIAL EXPRESS, LONDON.
Prompt Despatch, Quick Transit, Safe Delivery.
Lowest Tariff and Rates of Insurance.
EXPRESSAGE on small parcels (Presents, Curios, Teas Cigars, etc.) 5 Annas per lb. or Re. 1-8 per Cubic Foot.
NO TERMINAL or DOUBLE AGENCY CHARGES.
Charges and Duty, if any, prepayable or recovered on Delivery. GOODS ordered, forwarded to all parts on "Cash on Delivery System."

THOS. COULSON & Co.
FOREIGN CARRIERS, STEAMSHIP, GENERAL, PASSENGER, AND BANKING AGENTS.
Bombay. Sirdar's Buildings, Fort,

INDIAN INDUSTRY,
Being a reprint of two letters to the "Bombay Gazette," and a Lecture by
F. BEAUCLERK,
Price 8 Annas,
CAN BE HAD AT
THE OFFICE OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."
Messrs. THACKER and Co., Bombay and Poona.
THACKER, SPINK and Co., Calcutta.
HIGGINBOTHAM and Co., Madras.

SALES BY AUCTION.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
21, MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 18th instant, at 1 p.m.. Messrs SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co. will hold their usual Auction Sale at their Rooms as follows :—
15 boxes, claret, 6 boxes champagne, 10 cases, Polo bitter.
1 case, samples of very superior hair, coat, tooth, dandy, jewellery, stone, tools, and other brushes.
1 case, samples of fancy goods, hats, flowers, &c., a lot of crockeryware, consisting of jars, plates, basins and jugs, table plates, cups and saucers, &c., Office furniture, such as large size writing tables and drawers, cupboards, shelfs, &c.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.
Bombay, 18th March 1892.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.,
No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS, FORT.

SALE OF YARN.

Under the orders of C. A. Turner, Esq., Special Commissioner, appointed in Suit No. 443 of 1891, in the High Court, Bombay, will be put up for sale by Public Auction at the rooms of Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Co., at 3 o'clock THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 18th instant :—
1 bale, 400 lbs. and 27 bundles, 270 lbs. yarn (mixed numbers.)

SALE OF 3 CASES, WHITE MULLS, 5 CASES, CHECK DHOTIES, 3 CASES, SILK THREAD, 21 CASES COLOURS, &c.

By order of the Attorney of the Trustees in Bankruptcy London, Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co. will sell by Public Auction THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 18th instant, at 2 p.m., at their sale rooms, No. 4, Forbes and Medows Streets, Fort, on account and risk of Mr. Esmaljee Hajee Khutri—
EHK—ex. 3254-62—5 cases, colours.
Also on account and risk of Mr. Ebramjee Hubiboola—
EH—3973-82—10 cases, colours.
Also on account and risk of Messrs. Bomonjee and Gokuldas—
X.—7813-15—3 cases, white mulls, 45 inch, Nos. 1280, 1330, and 1480.
Also on account of the estate—
LC—39-40—2 cases, linen check dhooties (mooktas), 9, 10 and 18 yards.
MM—111-13—3 cases, linen check dhooties (mooktas), 9 and 10 yards.
EMUMB—2108-10—3 cases, silk threads.
B—1911-7—7 cases, dye Bengal scarlet.
M B & Co.—2-3—2 cases, colours.
1 box, Batatis (roomal), brass lotas, brass sample lamps, chimneys, soda bottles, &c.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.
Bombay, March 18, 1892.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

THURSDAY EVENING, MARCH 17.

ALL the London Stock Exchange quotations usually wired by Reuter were unchanged yesterday, the only fresh financial item from that quarter being an advance of ⅛ per cent. in the market rate of discount on six months' sight Indian Bank Bills, at 2 per cent. Bar Silver was unaltered, at 41⅞d. per oz.; and in New York also the metal was unchanged in value, at 90⅜ cents., with Exchange on London the same as on Tuesday. The United States Treasury bought 250,000 oz. of Silver, at about the previous rates of 90·50 to 90·55 cents. Paris quotations also come unaltered.
At the weekly Biddings for Indian Council Bills on London yesterday the whole 50 lakhs offered were allotted, Bombay having taken 21½ lakhs, Calcutta 19½ lakhs, and Madras 9½ lakhs, at 1s. 3 25-32d.; and 2 lakhs of extra Bills on Bombay, and 1-20 lakh on Madras at 1s. 3 13-16d. were afterwards allotted, the former price showing a decline of 3-32d. from that of the regular sales last week, no extra Bills having been placed in the interval. It is announced that 50 lakhs will be offered again next Wednesday. The Exchange Banks' buying rate on India at 30 days' sight remained at 1s. 3 9-16d.
The Wheat Market was dull at a decline of ¼d. per cental in No. 1 Soft White, the reduced quotation of 7s. 7d. per cental, Ex-Quay, being called nominal; while White Delhi remained at 7s. 3d. Ex-Quay. The Linseed Market was firmer, and Bombay Seed, to arrive, was 3d. per quarter higher, at 39s. 9d. Ex-Quay.
Cotton in Liverpool closed quiet last evening. Surats easier, and Arrivals dull. The total Sales aggregated 10,000 bales, no portion being East Indian, and the price of spot Americans remained at 3 9-16d. per lb.; Arrivals however, being 1-64d. lower in the nearer positions, and 1-32d. in the more distant, the extreme quotations being 3 15-32d. for March and March-April deliveries, and 3¾d. for July-August. In Surats Dholleras and Oomrawuttee of all grades were 1-16d. per lb. lower. The day's Imports were 25,000 bales. The Manchester Market was flat.
No further change took place in either ready Cotton or June Futures in New York yesterday. The Receipts at the U. S. Ports were 13,000 bales; and the total figures for this season now compare as follows with those in 1891 and 1890 up to the same time :—

	1892.	1891.	1890.
Wednesday's Receipts	13,000	11,000	6,000
Four days' do.	70,000	62,000	28,000
Since 1st Sept., 1891...	6,302,000	6,053,000	5,486,000

In our local market for the staple, the feeling has been quiet to-day, and only a small business has been done, while prices of Bhownugger and Bengal have further receded Re. 1 to Rs. 2 per candy. Exporters have bought only 600 bales, of which 500 are Bhownugger, for May delivery, at Rs. 136; 100 Nugger, at Rs. 145; and 100 Pachora, at Rs. 141; while the Mills have taken 1,550 bales, made up of 500 Jalgaum, at Rs. 144½-5; 300 Dhulia, at Rs. 135½; 200 Marchispore, at Rs. 144¼; 100 bales each of Wurdha at Rs. 153; Donurgaum, at Rs. 151; Amroli Ginned, at Rs. 150½-51; and 100 Dharwar, at Rs. 155; and 50 bales each of Broach, at Rs. 160; Mowa, at Rs. 154; and Veraval, at Rs. 141½.
WHEAT has been quiet to-day, with only a small business passing; but prices are quite unchanged, all round.
SEEDS have been taken to a moderate extent to-day by shippers. *Linseed* has advanced ¼ anna per cwt. in a firm market; while *Rapeseed* has been quiet at a decline of 1 to 2 annas per cwt. We quote this evening.

Linseed	Rs. 6-8-3 to Rs. 6-11-0	per cwt.
Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat	7-0-0	,,
,, ,, Cawnpore	6-15-0	,,
,, Red ,,	6-0-0 to ,, 6-6-0	,,

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows :—

Cotton	8,690 bales.
Wheat	24,887 cwts.
Linseed	30,474 ,,
Rapeseed	2,540 ,,
Gingelly	2,599 ,,
Poppyseed	746 ,,
Groundnuts	6,195 ,,
Castorseed	2,433 ,,

FREIGHTS are dull, and takers of tonnage are scarce. Business has been done, for March shipment, to Antwerp and Dunkirk, at 17s. 6d. per ton, for Seeds and Wheat; and for Genoa and Naples, for the same cargo and shipment at 19s. 3d. to 19s. per ton.
EXCHANGE.—The previous evening's closing rates were again quoted at opening this morning, and the market remained steady thereat throughout the day, 1s. 3 15-16d. for three months' sight Credits having been repeatedly refused, and, at the close, a fair amount of Paper was placed at 1s. 3 31-32d. We have heard of but little demand for Bank Remittance, however, except for forward Telegraphic at 1s. 3 13-16d., at which business was done for May transfer, the market closing quiet and steady as follows :—

Bank Bills on demand.....1s. 3 25-32d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic .....1s. 3¾d.	,,
Do. 3 months' sight ...1s. 3 27-32d.	,,
Credits 3 months' sight...1s. 3 31-32d.	,,
Francs 3 months' sight ...1'64¼	,,

The usual weekly official Return relating to Silver at the Mint gives the following figures :—

Statement of Silver Balance in the Bombay Mint for the week ending 16th March, 1892 ...Rs.	62,30,000
Silver received during the week ..... ,,	13,52,000
Rs.	75,82,000
New Coin paid during the week ..... ,,	7,01,000
Rs.	68,81,000
Bullion belonging to private individuals ..... ,,	57,37,000
Rs.	1,26,18,000
Last week ..... ,,	1,21,32,000

GOVERNMENT PAPER has been steady to-day at a decline of 3-16 to ¼ per cent. from last evening's final rates, our present closing quotations being 107⅞ for Fours, for cash, 107 11-16 for the coming settlement, and 107 9-16 for the April account, with 4 per Cents. still nominally quoted at 105½.
SHARES have been very quiet again to-day and Mill and Press scrip generally is unaltered at our quotations.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

PORT SAID, MARCH 16.
The Hall Line steamer Kirby Hall left here this morning.

LIVERPOOL, MARCH 16.
The Hall Line steamer Methley Hall left here for Karachi yesterday evening.
The Anchor Line steamer Persia left here for Bombay this morning.

HONGKONG, MARCH 17.
The P. and O. Co.'s steamer Rohilla left here this afternoon.

COLOMBO, MARCH 17.
The P. and O. Co.'s steamer Ballarat left here at 4 p.m. to-day.
The P. and O. Co.'s steamer Coromandel left here at 8 a.m. to-day.
The P. and O. Co.'s steamer Mirzapore left here at 4 p.m. yesterday for Bombay.
The N. L. steamer Hohenstaufen from Australia arrived.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, MARCH 16.
The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet. Surats easier.
Good Dhollera 3⅛
The Manchester Market has been flat.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORTS.

MARCH 17.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATIONS.
GREAT BRITAIN.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.
CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.
AMERICA.—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.
AUSTRALIA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.
CHINA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.
AFRICA.—Via Aden, perfect. Via Cadiz Tenerife, perfect. Via Lisbon St Vincent, perfect.
Telegraphic communication with Assab and Massowah interrupted through failure of Assab-Perim cable. Gunboat will leave Perim for Assab every Thursday and Sunday during interruption of cable.
At present telegrams in code language cannot be accepted for Blagowestchinsk and Possiet.
Telegrams for Salvador except for Libertao can only be accepted at sender's risk.
Cable Hongkong-Macao resorted.
Route Bankok-Sigon interrupted.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.
GOWARD—March 13, at Barrackpore, the wife of E A Goward, of a daughter.
PRICE—March 11, at Vellore, the wife of Sergeant E E Price, P W D, of a son.

DEATHS.
CAMPBELL—March 5, at Dudua Khri Forests, Alexander Campbell, Indian Forest Department.
DALY—March 6, at Coonoor, Nilgiri Hills, of acute bronchitis, Richard Mason Daly, retired Bengal Marine Service, son of the late Richard Daly, Esq., J P of Jamaica and Demerara.

The Bombay Gazette
FRIDAY, MARCH 18, 1892.

IT is not to be expected that the Indian Budget, which will probably be published to-morrow, will show no traces of the unhappy financial influences which have prevailed during the past year. It is however something to be thankful for that the prospect for the ensuing year is not sombre to a degree. The military expenditure in excess of the provision made in the last Budget has been very heavy. Nearly a crore was lavished in the whirl of frontier expeditions. Why the craze for military expeditions into the trans-frontier regions in the North-East should continue, when the experience of the Sandeman policy in the Sind-Beluchistan region shows that a great deal more can be effected without any parade of military force and at less than a tithe of the cost it is difficult to understand. However, the frontier bill has to be paid, and it will absorb nearly a crore. The loss by exchange amounts to upwards of seventy lakhs; and the Land Revenue shows a falling off of some fifty lakhs. On the other hand the railways have carried more than they were expected to do; while opium and the general heads of revenue other than that from land show an increase. The actuals of the last Budget do not on the whole show much worse than the estimates. In framing the new Budget the first difficulty will be that of meeting the disastrous loss by exchange. Under this head nearly two crores must disappear if present rates continue. A crore and three-quarters at least will have to be covered. The Provincial grants will, it is to be feared, feel the effects of the pressure thus created, but it may be expected that the increase of railway earnings and growth of the general revenue from land, salt, and excise, will give material help. As has been already stated the military expenditure for the ensuing year will be increased by charges which have not been adjusted since 1887, amounting to about £100,000. We were inclined to hope that the change in the political situation alike in Europe and in Asia, resulting from the extent and severity of the great famine in Russia, which binds over that Power to keep the peace for some years to come, would have a sedative influence on our own frontier. Whatever might have been the apparent necessity for pushing on the construction of railways and military roads at the cost of uncounted millions, while there was a possibility of sudden danger arising on the frontier, no excuse of the kind is now forthcoming. There might well be a lucid interval. A pause in the headlong rush to forestall a danger which has now become remote would give ease to the finances, and allow time for sifting out and re-considering the never-ending projects for works which may be rendered obsolete by the rapid developments in the technique of war. How advisable some caution in this direction really is may be judged by the fact that the forty millions sterling expended by the French on subterranean forts intended to guard some two hundred miles of exposed frontier, is now believed to be so much money wasted, the new artillery having rendered the forts untenable. It is devoutly to be hoped that the Government of India will turn the actualities of the general political situation to prudent account, and at length put the break upon the irresponsible expenditure of excited specialists. There are many influences which it is not unreasonable to suppose will operate in this direction. The approach of the General Elections at home must bring reflection; the loss by exchange, the growing alarm at the unceasing demands for greater and greater expenditure, counsel prudence. There is little present expectation anywhere that the loss by exchange will diminish; it is doubtful whether we have even yet touched the bottom. The resulting situation will have to be faced, and no available expenditure permitted—even on frontier railways.

THE public will be relieved by the termination of the Damaun defamation case, which had become wearisome to the readers of the daily papers. The case had been prolonged over nearly six months, and may be pointed to as an example of a method of conducting business in the Magistrates' courts here which is in the last degree unsatisfactory. Amongst one section of the public, the Portuguese Catholics, the case had excited keen interest, and the bulk of this community, and indeed the Catholics of Bombay in general, will cordially approve of Mr. Cooper's decision. The Bishop of Damaun had been summoned for defaming two members of the congregation of the Church of Salvaçao, Dadar, a church which had for many years enjoyed the ministrations of an ecclesiastic of some repute and influence in his community, the Rev. Braz Fernandez. On the Vicar's death allegations were made and disputes engendered, concerning the subject of which we shall say nothing more than that they related to the property of the Church, and its management. On this matter the Vicar appointed by the Bishop found himself at issue with some of the parishioners, and meetings were held at which heated language was used concerning him, his authority as chairman *ex-officio* of the parishioners' meeting was defied, and endeavours were made to obtain possession of the funds of the church in a manner which the Vicar and the Bishop held to be unlawful. Into the rights or wrongs of this dispute it would have been difficult to enter in any case; as things stand it is impossible to do so, because civil proceedings are pending, we understand, concerning the administration of the church property. The determining cause of the proceedings in Mr. Cooper's Court, however, was a pastoral letter, in which the Bishop severely censured De Monte and Nunes, one of whom had been president, and the other secretary, of one of these disorderly meetings, calling on them to desist from the agitation, and threatening them with ex-communication if it continued. At the end of the period named the sentence of ex-communication was carried out, the fact being proclaimed in a very dramatic way when, on De Monte and Nunes appearing in the church at mass, the officiating priest suddenly cut the service short, and the congregation filed out, leaving the two in solitary possession of the church, as boycotted people have been left in some of the chapels in Ireland. The question that Mr. Cooper had to deal with was not very complicated. The Bishop had referred in his pastoral to "scandalous events," which had become notorious and had roused the indignation of other churches; to the profession at some of these meetings of "impious doctrines," amongst which was the doctrine that the priest was a mere puppet of the parishioners, and might be elected and dismissed by them; and to an intention audaciously and publicly to attack the coffers of the church, with a view to taking possession of its funds. The Magistrate seems to have been satisfied that all the allegations contained in the letters were true in substance. But that alone would not have been a sufficient justification if the good faith of the Bishop in making them had been in doubt, or if they had not related to a matter of public concern, or if the Bishop in pronouncing upon the conduct of the complainants had not been dealing with matter concerning which he had lawful authority. On all these points it was easy to foresee that the Bishop was certain to win. No one has suggested that his intervention was malicious, or that there was any question as to his *bona fides*. The disturbances in the parish had become notorious, they were becoming a scandal in the eyes of the Catholics of both jurisdictions, and as the pastor responsible for the peace of his flock he would have failed in his duty if he had allowed these repeated defiances of the Vicar's authority to pass unnoticed. A pastor in a much earlier age threatened the Church at Corinth that "when he came he would not spare," and it will seem to most disinterested persons, that though the Bishop of Damaun did not "spare" the recalcitrant parishioners of Salvaçao, he wielded the terrors of his office without passion and without prejudice. The complainants have practically asked for a parochial autonomy corresponding to the congregational independence of some of the nonconformist bodies in England. There may be much to be said for such independence, but it is difficult to see how room can be found for it in the Church to which the Bishop and the complainants alike belong, and whose discipline and authority the latter tacitly undertake to conform to so long as they remain within its pale. The decision is important, and so far as it may tend to discourage dissensions in a community that ought, upon its own claims, to exhibit itself to the world in harmony and good fellowship, it is to be welcomed.

LORD CROSS, abandoning for the nonce his role of Secretary of State for India, appeared at a meeting in St. James Hall. He moved a resolution in the character of a rate-payer to protest against the Progressive Programme and the efforts made on its behalf by the Liberal organizations, with the ulterior object of influencing the approaching Parliamentary elections in the Metropolis. The protest has, as the telegraph has informed us, proved quite unavailing; the Progressists have increased their strength and have thus attained that two-thirds majority of the whole Council required to enable them to take over the tramways and carry out in its completeness the "London Programme." Lord Cross complained not unreasonably that the London County Council which was constituted for one purpose, now asks to be made another body for another purpose. It is not satisfied like, the other Councils, to carry out the business entrusted to it, but has actually refused to do what it was set to do until it obtains powers which it could not properly discharge. Lord Cross told the meeting that Sir J. M'Garel Hogg, the able Chairman of the Metropolitan Board of Works, always complained that the Board was overwhelmed with the work, which was, he said, beyond the powers of any single Board to accomplish. The County Council has far more to do than the old Board, but instead of setting its back to the work asks for more to do, and aspires to political influence and political power—the two things which the Secretary of State for India is satisfied that the Council ought not to have. In concluding his remarks Lord Cross pointed out to the rate-payers that the Programme contains a great deal of socialism, and asked them to put their foot down upon it. As we know the appeal has fallen on deaf ears. All the same the London rate-payers may yet come to regret that they have given virtually a blank cheque to the Progressists to draw on the rates for the establishment of a Utopia, which will cost before all is done ten times as much as Versailles cost the Monarch who built it. Sir Richard Temple addressed the meeting in St. James Hall, and footed up the Bill which the rate-payers will have to pay if the London Programme be carried out in its entirety. The acquisition of the tramways was voted by a majority of the present Council; the cost will be £7,000,000 sterling; when they are acquired they are to be free. The housing of the working classes in the suburbs is part of the Programme. Four hundred thousand rooms are to be constructed at a cost of £30,000,000 sterling, and those who inhabit them are to have free trams morning and evening for going to and returning from work. The present docks are to be municipalised, at a cost of £25,000,000, and more docks are to be constructed. The markets are to be municipalised at a cost of £5,000,000 sterling. The taking over of the existing Water-Works will involve an expenditure of thirty-three millions, to say nothing of the construction of other works to bring pure water to London from the Welsh Hills—a work compared to which Tansa, which cost only the trifle of a crore and-a-half, is but a tea cup. The municipalisation of all gas-works will take twenty-four millions. Besides all this it is intended that the London Council shall lay on not only cold but hot water, through mains, to the top stories of all the tenement houses in the metropolis. The Council is to take charge of the metropolitan hospitals, the property of which is valued at four millions. The acquisitions will require an initial outlay of one hundred and twenty-eight millions sterling, the interest on which will be four millions a year—three shillings in the pound, on the present valuation which is oppressively high. All these vast and complex undertakings to be administered by a body of one hundred and forty men, everyone of whom has his own business to attend to, and few or none of whom can have any acquaintance whatever with the working of tramways, the housing of the working population of an immense city, the making and supply of gas, the management of markets and the like. We know what happened under the Metropolitan Board of Works; the impossibility of exercising close supervision opened the door to scandalous frauds, which discredited the Board and led to its supersession. It is much to be feared that the endeavour to carry on the whole business of the six millions of people by Committees of the London Council must end even more discreditably and disastrously. Even as matters are now the Council is overtasked by the work devolving on its handful of members. One of its Committees has met 215 times, and at its last meeting there were 248 items on the agenda paper! It will be difficult to estimate the number of meetings of the Committees and the number of items on the agenda papers, when the Council has in addition to its present duties to manage the forty additional thousand employes who will have to be hired,

TELEGRAMS.

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

A BATCH OF FOUL MURDERS.

LONDON, MARCH 17.

A man named Williams was recently arrested at Melbourne for the murder of his wife in that city, the body of the murdered woman being found beneath the hearth. During the investigation into the crime, it was elicited that the prisoner was married in Liverpool last Christmas, and on a search being made of the house he lived in, there the bodies of a woman and four children were found also hidden beneath the hearth. The case has created a profound sensation.

It is reported that Williams formerly belonged to the Bengal Cavalry.

THE BUSINESS OF MESSRS. MURRIETA.

An official receiver has been appointed in the estate of Messrs. Murrietta and Co.

THE GREAT COAL STRIKE.

The price of coals has declined four shillings per ton, as there is a prospect of the miners resuming work at the end of the week.

THE END OF THE COAL STRIKE.

A conference of the Coal Miners' Federation was held in London to-day, when it was resolved not to extend the cessation of work beyond Saturday next.

SILVER PURCHASES.

WASHINGTON, MARCH 16.

250,000 ounces of Silver were purchased to-day by the Treasury at 90·50 to 90·55.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, MARCH 17.

The death is announced of Professor E. A. Freeman.

THE MAILS.

SUEZ, MARCH 17.

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Malacca (extra) left here at noon to-day, and may be expected to arrive at Bombay about the 29th instant.

TROOPS FOR LUSHAILAND.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, MARCH 17.

It is proposed to have a force of 300 military police at Myitkina on the Burma-Chinese frontier during the next rains and a small force also at Namli. The first detachment of the 18th Bengal Infantry, under Lieutenant Edwards, reached Changsil, on Tuesday last. They encountered no opposition *en route* from the Lushais. Mr. E. H. Parker, of the Chinese Consulate service, has been lent by the English Foreign Office for service as Political Officer on the Burma-Chinese frontier. Mr. Parker has been employed in various posts in China and Corea since 1869, so that he has had a wide experience of Celestial diplomacy.

THE PIONEER ON METRE GUAGE RAILWAYS.

The *Pioneer* says:—We hear with pleasure by this mail that the question of linking up the two great groups of metre gauge lines on the Bombay and Bengal side, respectively, is making good progress at Home, and we will again express our confident belief that within a few weeks at most orders will issue practically making this important measure an accomplished fact. It is to be regretted for the sake of the Government of India, of which with Lord Lansdone as the head of it we always desire to speak with great respect, that the Secretary of State in Council should have been called on to override the opposition of the Government in a matter wherein every consideration of sound policy and common-sense was arrayed against it. Of logic we need say nothing, but for an authority that had within only the last half-a-dozen years deliberately sanctioned the construction of two lines, (the Cawnpore-Achnera and the Lucknow Philibit) as part of an extended system of metre-gauge railway to denounce them as the devil and all his works is surely intolerable.

THE LAND INDEBTEDNESS COMMISSION.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, MARCH 17.

The Deccan Agriculturists Relief Act Commission is still sitting in the Council Hall, some further records having to be gone through. The Commission will probably dissolve at the end of this month. After the records have been examined they will prepare their report. This will be undertaken by the President and Secretary, and when finished it will be circulated among the other members for signatures.

FATAL FIRE AT SASWAD,

A destructive fire at Saswad, in the Purandhar taluka, occurred on Monday last, in the house of a peon of the Mamlatdar. The peon, his wife, and three children were burnt to death.

AN APPOINTMENT DECLINED.

It is stated that Rao Bahadur Kelkar, Oriental Translator to Government, has declined the post of Chief Revenue Officer in the Baroda State.

RE-ARMING OF REGIMENTS WITH MARTINI-HENRY RIFLES.

All regiments of the Bombay Army, except the 14th, 26th, 16th, and 21st have been re-armed with the Martini-Henry Rifles.

HYDERABAD NEWS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

HYDERABAD, MARCH 17.

In view of the strain which will probably be thrown upon the resources of the Afzulgunj Hospital by the scarcity now passing like a wave over the land, Sir Asman Jah, Prime Minister of Hyderabad, has presented the hospital with Rs. 4,000 from his private purse.

Another son was born to H. H. the Nizam this morning.

The Nawab Vicar-ul-Umrah gave a farewell breakfast to Mr. Crawford on last Tuesday.

On Saturday morning the Minister gives a similar entertainment.

Sir Roper Lethbridge arrived at Hyderabad on Tuesday and left for Bombay this morning.

THE GUZERAT CUP.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

AHMEDABAD, MARCH 17.

The heats to-day between the winners of the first and second chances were contested. H. H. the Maharajah of Patiala, H. H. the Maharana of Dholepore, General Gurdit Singh, and Captain LeGallais with two chances each, and Colonel Heera Singh and Captain Indra Bir Singh with one chance each.

In the first heat, first chances, the Maharajah of Patiala beat the Maharana of Dholepore, General Gurdit Singh, and Captain Le Gallais. In the next heat, second chances, General Gurdit Singh beat Captain Le Gallais and Captain Indabir Singh, but the winner, being hurt by a fall, scratched. In the remaining heat the Maharana of Dholepore beat the Maharajah of Patiala and Colonel Heera Singh, and the Maharajah and the Maharana divided.

THE OUNG ZAY FRAUDS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, MARCH 16.

The Recorder to-day delivered judgment in the insolvency case of Lim Khim and Bahoo, who were recently acquitted on charges of conspiracy with Oung Zay, the Chinaman, who was sentenced few weeks since to twelve years' imprisonment. His Honour, in sentencing them to two years' rigorous imprisonment each for breach of the Insolvency Act, said they had carried on business and incurred liabilities of Rs. 3,77,000 and all their assets had disappeared except Rs. 4,000. The accounts produced were a pure concoction.

PRINCE DAMRONG.

Prince Damrong left Burma to-day for Siam.

THE DAMAUN CASE.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

BHUSAWAL, MARCH 16.

The decision of the Magistrate in the charge against the Bishop of Damaun has been received by the Roman Catholic community here with great rejoicings. The conscientious judgment of Mr. Cooper is heartily approved.

THE VICEROY'S VISIT.

RECEPTION AT GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

THE following notification was issued in a *Government Gazette Extraordinary* yesterday afternoon:—

Under instructions from the Military Secretary to the Viceroy, it is hereby notified that their Excellencies the Viceroy and the Marchioness of Lansdowne will hold a reception at Government House, Malabar Point, at 10 p.m., on Thursday, the 31st of March, 1892.

All civil and military officers and gentlemen entitled to attend his Excellency the Governor of Bombay's levees are entitled, together with the ladies of their families, to attend the reception.

All the officers and gentlemen desiring to attend their Excellencies' reception should submit their names, and also the names of any ladies of their families accompanying them, to the Military Secretary to his Excellency the Governor of Bombay, not later than Saturday, March 26.

All officers and gentlemen attending the reception are requested to bring with them a card with their names very legibly written upon it, to be given to the Military Secretary to H. E. the Viceroy at the time of presentation.

Officers and gentlemen wearing uniform may appear in mess dress.

Gentlemen not wearing uniform may appear in evening dress.

Officers of regiments and batteries are requested to pass by collectively as usual; the native officers to be presented by their commanding officers.

Officers and gentlemen entitled to the private entree at his Excellency the Governor of Bombay's levees are, together with the ladies of their families accompanying them, entitled to it on this occasion. But in order to make certain of securing the privilege, they are requested to be at Government House not later than 9-45 p.m.

Cards of admission will be sent to all persons entitled to attend the reception and who have submitted their names previously to the Military Secretary to his Excellency the Governor of Bombay. These cards must be presented at the barrier; otherwise admission will not be granted.

By Order,
J. FOWLE, Captain,
A. Mily. Sec. to H. E. the Governor.

Military Secretary's Office, Government House, Malabar Point, 16th March, 1892.

THE MISSING STEAMER DECCAN.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—With reference to a correspondent's letter regarding the missing steamer Deccan, I beg to state, that as the steamer Deccan, which sailed from Mauritius on the 9th February last for Bombay, with cargo and passengers on board, did not arrive here on the 24th February, as expected shortly afterwards, I telegraphed to our Mauritius agent *via* Zanzibar the whereabouts of the above steamer, to which I have no reply as yet. (There being no direct telegraphic communication between Mauritius and Bombay.) Soon after I telegraphed, I received a letter, dated 13th February, from Captain G. W. Baldwin, of the s.s Akbar, from Mauritius, in which he writes as follows:—

"The s. s. Akbar, under my command, arrived here on Wednesday, the 10th February, 1892. The next day, Thursday, it came on to blow very heavy with rain, consequently no work was done; that night we experienced a very heavy cyclone, which continued from Thursday, the 11th, at 8 p.m., the whole of Friday, the 12th, and it is now commencing to subside Saturday, the 13th, at noon. While the cyclone lasted, it blew most violently with terrific gusts and heavy rain. The British India steamer Fulsalla very nearly was driven on shores and would have done so, but her stern moorings hooked on to my lower chain, and that only saved her; luckily my anchors held, and so I held the other steamer. Had my anchor dragged, the Akbar must have been blown ashore with the Fulsalla. The s.s. Deccan just left Port Louis twelve hours before us. I sincerely trust that she did not come across this cyclone. I am afraid she must have met it as it came from just about where she was steering for. The s. s. Tanjore if she left on the 1st could not have been far away also. It is lucky we were not outside with this bad weather, otherwise we should have been quite helpless, and cannot say what our fate may have been."

Being afraid of on hearing the above news, I telegraphed Captain Baldwin on his arrival at Singapore from Mauritius on the 8th instant to wire me anything more about the missing steamer Deccan, to which he replied me the next day that he knew nothing more about her.

I also telegraphed Captain H. Shumacher of the s. s. Khiva, on arrival at Zanzibar from Calcutta on the 14th instant, to see anywhere from Zanzibar to Mauritius, if he can find out anything regarding the Deccan, and hope that he will send me particulars thereof from Mauritius, after his safe arrival there, either by post or by wire as may be convenient.

Further I beg to state that the s. s. Tanjore, which left Mauritius for Calcutta, where she is expected to arrive about the 20th inst, I think, will bring some news about the Deccan.

Lastly the s. s. Taif, which left Mauritius on the 5th inst. direct for Bombay, is expected here on or about the 18th inst., and undoubtedly she will be the first to bring to light all matters relating to the Deccan.

From the above you will find that I have ordered four of my abovenamed steamers that left Mauritius to keep a good lookout for the missing steamer Deccan. This is the correct and true statements as far as I know; and I will be happy to send you any further particulars as soon as I receive.—Yours, &c.,

HAJEE CASSUM JOOSUB.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE Lahore paper very much regrets to hear that a serious shooting affray, which occurred at Dagshai a fortnight ago between soldiers and villagers, has resulted in the death of two of the latter. The affray occured on or about the 1st instant. Three soldiers out shooting down the khuds shot a pariah dog. The owner of the dog and some of his relations endeavoured to take possession of their firearms, but the soldiers resisted, and in the struggle two of the natives were shot. One succumbed to his wounds almost immediately, but the other lingered until the 10th instant.

THE Darjiling-Himalayan Railway Company, approximate earnings for week ending 20th February were Rs. 8,889. Corresponding period of 1891, Rs. 8,489. Increase, Rs. 400. Receipts per mile for week ending 29th February 1892, Rs. 174-4-8. Corresponding period of 1891, Rs. 166-7-3. Increase, Rs. 7-13-5. Receipts from 1st January to 20th February 1892, Rs. 57,106. Corresponding period of 1891, 56,341. Increase, Rs. 765.

AN Apostolic Delegate is shortly expected in Madras to establish, in concert with the Bishop of Mylapore, the Portuguese Delegate, a Catholic district of Madura, in accordance with the arrangement arrived at in October last. The Bishop of Mylapore will leave for Goa at an early date.

FROM the 5th to the 11th instant, 3 Europeans, 2 East Indians, 13 Native Christians, 235 Hindus, and 30 Mahomedans died within Municipal limits in Madras, making a total of 283 persons. The average of the corresponding week for the ten previous years was 318. The deaths are thus classified: 2 from cholera, 5 from measles, 84 from fevers, 33 from dysentery, 17 from diarrhœa, and 142 from other diseases. The death-rate in the week under notice was 32·5 per 1,000 per annum. The mean of the ten previous years was 36·6 per 1,000 per annum.

IF any unpleasantness should arise with China in connection with recent military operations on the Yunan border, observes the Allahabad paper, our ambassador at Pekin will have a strong case, inasmuch as strict orders were issued that no debateable land was to be entered by our troops. The officers with the columns were instructed to avoid villages over which the Chinese exercised even the shadow of authority, and to do all in their power to avoid collisions with the Yunan officials. The Chinese Tsawbwa of Sansi was distinctly to blame in taking upon himself to aid the Kachins at Sadon, and he should be called to account by the Viceroy of Yunan. Sadon is well within British territory, and the tribesmen would in all probability have made their submission had they not been encouraged by the Chinese official to offer resistance. Had Lieutenant Harrison and his party been cut up, there would probably have been serious trouble all along the frontier, irregulars from Yunan joining in the hostilities. Even now we may not have heard the last of this trouble, though as the North-East and Irrawady Columns have united no fear need be felt as to the result of further fighting. The Government of India are most anxious to deal fairly with the Chinese on the Bhamo border, and it was for this reason such strict orders were issued to guide the troops in their operations through the Kachin country. A strong representation should be made at once to Pekin by the English Foreign Office, if peace is to be maintained along the Burma-Chinese frontier.

THE death of the Princess of Montenegro at the end of February revives the memory of the tragical fate of her husband, Prince Danilo, who was assassinated in her presence within twelve months of her marriage in 1860. It was entirely owing to her calmness that Prince Nicholas was proclaimed, and Montenegro saved from the horrors of a civil war.

THE ball given by Count Solms, the German Ambassador to the Quirinal, has been the great event of the season at Rome. Among the guests were the King and Queen, and by the Marquis di Rudini, who wore the ribbon and insignia of the great Prussian Order of the Black Eagle, which has just been conferred upon him by the Emperor William. Queen Marguerite wore an exquisite dress of pale blue satin, embroidered with gold and silver, and trimmed with large blush-roses. The Queen wore "ropes of pearls," there being ten rows round her neck; which were fastened by a splendid clasp of diamonds and sapphires. King Humbert wore the Black Eagle, and his own first order, the Annunziata, while her Majesty displayed the order of Louise of Prussia.

IN the present transition state of fortification, it is interesting to note the views set forth in the last number of the French *Military Engineering Review*. It is there laid down that the main fortified position for the defence of a town should fulfil the following conditions:—1. It should be sufficiently far from the town to protect it from bombardment. 2. The permanent points of support should be so near, and be disposed in such a manner, that the intervals which separate them can be swept not only by quick-firing guns, but also by musketry. 3. The artillery, when posted in the intervals to maintain the duel with the enemy's guns, should be able to produce its full effect, and yet remain protected by the points of support, which latter should therefore command the ground for some 1,100 to 1,300 yards in front of the batteries. 4. The intervals which seperate the centres of resistance of the advanced positions, their flanks, and if possible their approaches, should be completely commanded by the main position in rear. 5. The guns of the main position should dominate all the important roads which lead to the place.

THE *Times*, and other papers which copied from its columns, are quite in error in stating that the late Sir Provo Parry Wallis was the last survivor of the Napoleonic Wars, says the *Army and Navy Gazette*. There are probably ten naval and military officers still surviving who entered the Service before the peace of 1815, and, unless the Royal Navy List is wrong, one—Commander Robert Ross, R.N.—has attained to nearly the same age as the late Admiral of the Fleet. These officers, with their year of birth and date of entry, we give below:—

Commander Robert Ross, born 1791, entered the Navy July 16, 1803; Admiral Sir Lewis T. Jones G.C.B., born December, 1799, entered the Navy January 1, 1808; Commander Richard Sadleir, born 1799, entered the Navy February 1, 1808; Admiral Henry Stroud, born 1799, entered the Navy November 2, 1808; Commander Thomas Cobb, born October 5, 1796, entered the Navy October 5, 1810; Commander Henry James, born August 1, 1799, entered the Navy July 14, 1812; Admiral Sir W. F. Martin, born December 5, 1801, entered the Navy January 15, 1813; Captain George Hope, born May 30, 1801, entered the Navy, November 14, 1813; Admiral W. Sydney Smith, born 1800, entered the Navy November 21, 1813; and Captain James Gammell, late of the 92nd Highlanders.

Commander Robert Ross was present in an action in 1811. Sir Lewis Tobias Jones was in the Walcheren expedition in 1809, and was wounded at Algiers. He is now the oldest officer of the Bath. Admiral Stroud was a Commander of the Asia during the operations on the coast of Syria in 1841. Commander Henry James was present at an action in 1812. Sir William Fanshawe Martin is Rear-Admiral of the United Kingdom, was a midshipman in the Schelt in 1815, and was wrecked in the Alceste. Captain George Hope was present at the bombardment of Algiers 1816. Admiral W. Sydney Smith was also present on that occasion. Captain Gammell, who appears to be the only military officer surviving, served in the Peninsula War.

GENERAL LAMIRAUX, of the French Army, has compiled, under the title of "Etudes Pratiques de Guerre," a very valuable summary of the main facts and figures of the Franco-Prussian War. In his "Avant Propos" he quotes the words of the German Chancellor "when he wished to force the hands of the deputies of the Reichstag to obtain an augmentation of the Army." Talking of France, the Chancellor said: "Between her and us there is a long historical process, a quarrel to terminate, at the close of which the conqueror will bleed the vanquished to death. Will this be in ten years or in ten days?" "If," continues General Lamiraux, "it is ten years few will remain on either side who will be able to bring into the balance the experience of the great war; if it is in ten days perhaps it is not useless to strive, before entering into the contest, to gain a better knowledge of the quality of our conquerors." The chief merit of the work is conciseness. A page of large print suffices for all introduction, which tells us that war is composed of three main acts: marching, halting, and fighting. Seven chapters treat of marching and the service of security; halting and the service of security; preliminary deployment and concentration; the battle flank attacks and turning movements; the battle, effects of infantry and artillery fire; the battle, manœuvring, proportion of troops to space, duration of engagements, losses in personal and expenditure of ammunition. The array of facts and figures is valuable, and it is systematically arranged; the type is specially clear. The sketches, however, are very unnecessarily sewn in a separate cover and loose much of their value by having no scales attached, the representative fractions even being only mentioned in the volume of letterpress. The student and essayist will find General Lamiraux's work a most valuable source of reference.

THE religious world of New York has been a good deal exercised over the fact that "the best known church in Brooklyn" had received an application for membership from a man who had just been tried for murder. The applicant had, it appears, been acquitted on the ground that the act had been done in self-defence; but the circumstances of the broil which had terminated in this fatal fashion were admitted to be extremely discreditable by the accused himself, who had "professed conversion in goal." Under these circumstances the fact that the pastor of the church had declared himself favourable to the application seems to have caused scandal in some quarters. The New York *Nation*, however, reminds these objectors that the primitive Christian Church counted among its members many who had been open criminals and that the Apostle Paul, writing to the Corinthians, makes a list of offenders against the civil and the moral law, adding "and such are some of you."

I HEAR, writes Mr. Besant, that there is a discussion as to the time when the Nineteenth Century is to end and the Twentieth Century is to begin. Now, the first year of the century is the year One, and the last year of the century is the year One Hundred. When time began it was not with the year Nothing, but with the year One. My friend Cartaphilus, the Wandering Jew, who pays great attention to these things, and is naturally anxious to see the centuries roll by, tells me that at midnight on December 31st, every hundredth year,—oo, there may be heard a sharp click and a slam, as if one door is opened and another shut. He also tells me that in the completion of the first thousand years of our era—"I was," he explains, already "dog-tired"—every body expected the end of the world, and there was the greatest excitement as to whether the next thousand years was to begin with the year 1,000 or the year 1,001. To everybody, you see, it made an immense difference. If the latter, a whole year for repentance; if the former, barely time to look around one.

THE Berlin correspondent of the *Morning Post* says:—I have recently had an opportunity of ascertaining the drift of German official opinion regarding the relations of this Empire with Russia, my information being derived from a source which gives it high authority. The general view which prevails here regarding the European situation is that prospects have hardly within the memory of man been more cloudless. Germany is convinced that France will never begin a war, and that Russia cannot begin one. The result of the Russian famine will only be fully felt in that Empire in the course of the next two years. The consequence of the distress and financial embarrassment of Russia will ultimately force her to make overtures to Germany, French capital being no longer at her disposal. In no case will Germany take the initiative in such overtures, and when they are opened, Germany is sure to ask for weighty concessions on the Russian side. These concessions will be in the realm of commercial legislation. I am assured that if Russia were to make overtures at the present moment they would certainly be received in an eminently friendly spirit. On the German side it is felt that 3 per cent., which is all that, in view of its good credit and the state of the money market, the German Government is justified in offering for German loans, is not enough to satisfy German investors. A Russian loan placed here at 4 per cent. would offer a more agreeable field for German capital. "The whole of the agitation against Russian paper would die away the moment the German Government was in a position to declare it safe, or even advisable, for Germans to invest in Russian securities."

THERE is reason to believe, says the Berlin correspondent of the *Times*, telegraphing on Feb. 23, that some foundation exists for the report which is in circulation to the effect that the Government has the intention of abandoning the German colony in South-West Africa. The English members of the proposed syndicate have withdrawn and have allowed the deposit of £10,000 to be forfeited. East Africa and the Cameroons have cost millions without any satisfactory return. If these colonies, with all the aid and prestige of Imperial Government, do not succeed, there is still less chance that South-West Africa, the step-child among the German colonies, will fare any better. The German South-West Africa Company will hold a meeting at the beginning of next month to consider their future course of action.

THE German Emperor has issued the following circular relative to musketry:—"In order to increase interest in musketry I desire to specially recognise any exceptional services in the training of troops in musketry, and hereby order that the general officers commanding, the Inspector-General of Foot Artillery and Pioneers, the Inspectors of the Jagers and Rifles, and of the Infantry Schools, as well as the Chief of the General Staff of the Army, shall annually, on the 30th November, render a return (accompanying the musketry reports) of those company, squadron, and battery commanders who have distinguished themselves by special services in the training of their companies, squadrons, and batteries in musketry. I intended to determine the scope of these recognitions, and will lay before you (the War Minister) special proposals concerning the same.—WILLIAM." Many German examples have been followed in the British Army—perhaps not always wisely—and here is one well worthy of consideration.

FURTHER steps are to be taken towards augmenting our naval forces on the European stations in readiness for war. The Mediterranean fleet will receive shortly an addition in the shape of four more cruisers, while it is in contemplation to station sea-going guardships at Malta and Gibraltar. The Hercules has been named as one of the vessels to be used for the latter purpose, and the Bellerophon has also been mentioned in this connection. It is, however, more probable that the Hercules will relieve one of the coastguard rescue ships. However, there will be soon the Monarch, as well as the Achilles, Agincourt, Black Prince, Minotaur, and Northumberland in reserve, and any of these vessel might be utilised for the porpose. The Bellerophon will most likely become the sea-going guardship at Pembroke on her return to England, although this does not appear to have been definitely settled.

A CURIOUS order has been issued, says a Berlin correspondent, by the Provincial Government at Arnsberg, in Westphalia. It is upon the subject of contributions by schoolmasters to newspapers and reminds one of the Royal Cabinet orders of 1859. According to this order, schoolmasters are to be allowed to take up an extra occupation—writing for the Press, for example—only when it does not interfere with their duties and their dignity as masters, and does not alienate them from their profession. The order runs as follows: "It is not our intention to forbid to schoolmasters the discussion of professional questions or the publication of important observations and experiences, or to restrict their efforts to promote religious and patriotic feelings and ideas. But so much the more must we forbid every extra activity on the part of State officials which is in opposition to the above-mentioned ideas, or which has exclusively for its object the collecting and exploiting of news of the day, the means resorted to for this purpose being incompatible with the office and the whole position of a schoolmaster

THE FAMINE DISTRICTS.

A TELEGRAM from the Collector of Dharwar, under Form 14 of the Famine Relief Code for the week ending 12th March, 1892, states:—

Jowari 32·2 lbs. per rupee, being the average of the affected area. Weekly muster on 4 Local Board works under Civil Agency in Navalgund 3,532, and expenditure Rs. 403. Weekly muster on 4 Professional Agency Local Board works in Navalgund 8,100, and expenditure Rs. 861. Weekly muster on 1 Local Board work under Civil Agency in Ron 96. No children. No poor-house or village relief. No rain. Cholera in 2 villages of Gadag. Grain supply sufficient.

SOMETHING LIKE A GRIEVANCE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Will you kindly allow the undersigned to ventilate, through your efficacious columns, a grievance which is becoming intolerable at the Grant Road Station. The considerate General Traffic Manager of the B. B. and C. I. Railway has very kindly reserved a compartment for smokers in the daily local trains, but it is impossible to enjoy the concession when a batch of clamorous native youths, numbering as many as two dozen at times, studiously monopolize the available accommodation in the compartment, which is to seat twice ten persons. The train is scarcely at a standstill when these impetuous usurpers invade the unfortunate compartment with the inevitable result that those for whom it is specially intended are obliged to seek berths elsewhere, where they must cut short a *postprandial* indulgence in the fragrant weed, to spare their fellow-passengers the discomfort and annoyance of fumigation.

What attraction there is in the compartment is mysterious or whether the self-created right of the youths in question has its foundation in their being smokers *in camera* I am unable to say. But this I can assert, and I know, Sir, you will agree with me, that the state of affairs complained of needs speedy rectification; and that a little word from the General Traffic Manager to the Station Master, Grant Road, will enforce rigid adherence to the requirements of the Company, and thus prevent the ambitious youths from precipitating themselves into the dangerous pit of misinterpretation of the notice printed in unmistakable letters of life on the carriage doors. I may add by way of completion, that the concession of reservation enjoyed by the ladies who use the B. B. line is never infringed by the lads in question.—Yours, &c.,

Grant Road, March 17. MAGLES GRAZIE.

BOMBAY SEASON REPORTS.

THE following season reports for the week ending 15th March were published in yesterday's *Government Gazette*.

Karachi.—River at Kotri on 14th 3 feet against 8 feet 9 inches on same date last year. Harvesting of rabi crops in progress. Crops damaged by blight in 4, by frost in 3, and suffering for want of rain in 4 talukas. Fodder insufficient in Karachi, Johi and Tatta talukas.

Shikarpur.—Rabi crops slightly damaged by frost. Wheat in ear. Reaping of rapeseed progressing in 2 and of mutter in 5 talukas. Gram damaged by insects in 1 taluka. Fodder insufficient generally throughout the district.

Hyderabad.—Harvesting of rabi crops began in some talukas. Condition of agricultural stock poor on account of scarcity of fodder.

Upper Sind Frontier.—Wheat crops stunted and withering owing to insufficient moisture; oil-seed crops better.

* Thar and Parkar.—Rabi harvest general. Slight damage to wheat crops in the Sanghar Taluka owing to unusual cold in last week of February.

Ahmedabad.—(For week ending 12th March).—Cotton picking and harvesting of wheat in progress. Agricultural stock in good condition. Fodder-supply sufficient. Prices stationary.

Panch Mahals.—Standing crops and agricultural stock in good condition. Fodder-supply sufficient.

Kaira.—(For week ending 12th March.)—Standing crops in good condition. Cotton picking progressing. Wheat reaping commenced. Tobacco cutting progressing. Prospects good. Agricultural stock in good condition. Fodder supply sufficient.

Broach.—Standing crops in good condition. Cotton picking. Harvesting of jowari and wheat in progress. Prospects of cotton fair and of other crops good. Condition of fodder-supply good and agricultural stock healthy.

Surat.—Cotton picking nearly completed and wheat reaping continues. Prospects and Probable outturn of crops good. Fodder sufficient and agricultural stock good.

Khandesh.—Reaping of wheat, gram and linseed completed. Threshing of bajri, jowari and tur and preparation of land for next season continue. Condition of fodder-supply and agricultural stock good. Prices of food-grains continue high.

Nasik.—Rabi threshing nearly completed in Peint Taluka and in progress in others. Condition of fodder-supply and agricultural stock fair. Prices of food-grains rising in Niphad, Yeola, Nandgaon and Baglan.

Colaba (Bombay).—Abnormal temperature 1° cool on 9th and 10th, nil on 11th, 1° warm on 12th and 12th, and 2° warm on 14th and 15th. Vapour in air normal on 9th and 11th, excessive on all other days. Wind normal from 9th to 12th. Abnormal wind southerly from 13th to 15th.

Thana.—Reaping of rabi crops in progress. State of standing rabi crops good. Condition of fodder-supply and agricultural stock good.

Kolaba.—Rab-burning in progress. Rabi crops good. Agricultural stock good.

Ratnagiri.—Reaping of summer crops in progress.

Poona.—Harvesting of rabi crops in progress. Standing crops withering for want of moisture. Prospects and probable outturn of crops vary from bad to indifferent. Fodder and water-supply insufficient throughout the district. Agricultural stock in fair condition. Prices stationary.

Ahmednagar.—Harvesting of rabi crops almost over. Threshing continues throughout the district. Ploughing for next season continues in parts. Fodder insufficient in 7 talukas. Agricultural stock fair. Prices steady except in Nagar.

Sholapur.—(For week ending 12th March).—Reaping of rabi crops almost completed. Lands being prepared for the next season. Prospects and probable outturn of crops on the whole fair. Fodder-supply insufficient. Agricultural stock not good. Scarcity of water in Sangola and Malsiras talukas.

Satara.—Reaping of rabi crops in progress. Water-supply insufficient in parts of Khanapur, Koregaon, Man, Khatav, Tasgaon and Khandala. Prices stationary except in Satara, where they are slightly risen. Fodder dear. Condition of cattle middling.

Bijapur.—Cotton picking in 2 talukas and preparation of land for next season in 4 talukas progressing. Water-supply insufficient except near streams. Fodder deficient. People still emigrating to other places from Sindgi and Bagevadi talukas. On Civil Agency relief work in Sindgi Taluka 26 men employed.

Belgaum.—Cotton picking in progress. Prices continue high. Scarcity of fodder in 4 talukas. Cattle distressed. Scarcity of water in Athni and Gokak talukas. Average number employed on one Professional Agency work in Gokak: adults 87, children 93; expenditure Rs. 64; on 12 Civil Agency works in Athni: adults 557, children 56; expenditure; Rs. 435; on 4 Civil Agency works in Gokak, adults 107, children 20: expenditure Rs. 150: on one Civil Agency work in Parasgad, adults 50, children 21; expenditure, Rs. 23.

Dharwar.—Scarcity of fodder in 8 and of water in 6 talukas. Picking of cotton in progress. Cotton blighted. Cattle distressed in Navalgund, Gadag and Ron talukas. Prices falling in 1, rising in 1, and stationary in 9 talukas. Numbers on Local Board Professional Agency works in Navalgund 8,100, and on Local Board Civil Agency works in Navalgund 3,532, and in Ron 96. No gratuitous relief administered. No works in Gadag.

Kanara.—Rice harvest continues on coast. Agricultural stock good.

Rajkot.—Wheat being harvested and threshed at some places. Cotton picking progresses. Agricultural stock good.

Wadhwan.—Weather hot. Drinking water sufficient.

Baroda.—Agricultural stock fair. Cotton picking in progress. Scarcity of fodder in Kadi division.

* The following season report for the week ending 8th March was received too late for publication in the last *Bombay Government Gazette*:—

Thar and Parkar.—Wheat crop flourishing and free from rust except a small area in Sanghai.

THE papers have been announcing reports of the impending betrothal of the Grand Duchess Xenie, the eldest daughter of the Czar, to the Grand Duke Alexander, fourth son of the Grand Duke Michel Nicolaievitch, and nephew, through his mother, who died last year, of the Grand Duke of Baden and the Duchess of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha. The engagement was announced quite six months ago, when the Emperor sanctioned the betrothal of the Grand Duke and Grand Duchess. It is really a love match. The Emperor is going to settle an enormous estate on his daughter, whose *dot* will altogether amount to about forty thousand a year.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

MESSRS. GLOVER'S CLAIM.

AN adjourned meeting of the Municipal Corporation was held yesterday, Mr. G. Cotton presiding. There were also present:—Messrs. Abdulla M. Dharamsi, Anandrao Narayen Vasudeo, Ardasir D. Mody, Brigade-General S. O'B. Banks, Messrs. Bhagwandas Narotumdas, Bhalchandra Krishna Bhatawadeker, Dr. Thomas Blaney, Messrs. Byramjee Nusserwanjee Servai, E. B. Carroll, J. P. Cornforth, Cowasjee Hormusjee, Cowasji Pestonji, Darashah Ratanji Chichgar, Dinshaw Eduiji Wacha, J. R. Duxbury, Eknath Raghunath Khote, Fazulbhai Jumabhai Lalji, Fazulbhoy Visram, J. F. Fernandez, Grattan Geary, Reginald Gilbert, Govardhandas Goculdas Tejpal, Govardhandas Khatao Makanji, Harkisondas Nurrotumdas, Jagmohandas Vandrawandas, Sir Jamsetji Jeejeebhoy, Messrs. Jamsedji Kharshedji Kama, Javerilal Umiashankar Yajnik, Jaya Karadi Lingu, Kaikhosro Nowroji Kabraji, K. M. Shroff, Brigade-Surgeon G. A. Maconachie, Mr. Meherjibhai Rastamji Setna, Colonel G. K. C. Merewether, Messrs. Mulji Bhowandas Barbhaya, Naoroji Beiramji Suntook, S. A. Nathan, Pherozeshah Merwanji Mehta, H. M. Phipson, Rahimtula Khairaz, Rahimtula Mahomed Sayani, Rastamji Nasarvanji Khory, Shivaji Dhurmaji, Tribhowandas Mungaldas Nathoobhoy, Tribhowandas Varjiwandas, Vandrawundas Purshotumdas, Dr. Accacio Gabriel Viegas, Captain W. P. Walshe, and Colonel W. H. Wilson.

PROPOSED VOTE OF CENSURE ON THE STANDING COMMITTEE.

The Corporation further considered the Resolution of the Standing Committee, No. 10339, dated 6th January, 1892, as under:—"That, with reference to their Resolution No. 6717, dated 14th September 1891, the Corporation be informed as follows:—"1. That the sum of Rs. 1,50,000 provided in the revised estimates for the Tansa Water-Works, on account of the claims of Messrs. Glover and Co., the contractors for the dam works, has been drawn upon to the extent of Rs. 1,25,000, which sum they agreed to accept in full satisfaction of their claims aggregating Rs. 4,39,874. 2. It was not necessary, nor would it have been in accordance with the terms of Section 69 (*a*), (*c*), and (*e*) of the Municipal Act, relating to contracts, to apply to the Corporation for sanction to the payment, the Corporation having, on the 5th February, 1891, voted the said sum of a lakh and a-half of rupees to meet the claims in question. 3. The Rs. 1,25,000 were paid in settlement of claims, the details of which Messrs. Glover and Co. were ready to attest in a court of law, and of which the engineer in charge of the Tansa Works was in possession, and was able to assure the Committee comprised work which had actually been done. 4. The Rs. 1,25,000 were paid to avoid litigation which might have involved a much heavier payment, and as work had been done by the contractors to an amount not less than the sum named. 5. That a copy of Mr. Acworth's memorandum furnished under his No. 20329 of the 3rd December, 1891, be forwarded to the Corporation."

Minute by Mr. Abdulla M. Dharamsi and the Hon. Mr. Javerilal U. Yajnik thereon.

The President said that with reference to the resolution passed, at the instance of the Hon. Mr. Javerilal, at the last meeting of the Corporation on the subject of the production by the Municipal Commissioner of correspondence and papers relative to the claims made by Messrs. Glover and Co. Tansa Dam contractors, Mr. Acworth, the Commissioner, had written to him to say that "an immediate compliance with the request of the Corporation would be prejudicial to the interests of the Corporation."

Dr. Blaney then proposed "that the resolution of the Standing Committee No. 10839, dated 6th January, 1892, the report of the Municipal Commissioner, forwarded therewith, and the minute submitted to the Corporation by Messrs. A. M. Dharamsi and Javerilal U. Yajnik be recorded, with the following expression of the opinion of the Corporation on the subject:—1. The Corporation find that the claims of Messrs. Glover and Co., the Tansa Dam contractors, on account of which the payment of Rs. 1,20,000 was made to them by the Standing Committee was, with the exception of a small amount, a claim not for any extra work, but tions for the Dam. 2. The Corporation, as a foundathe said payment as a compromise, the contractors having practically been paid more than they could have successfully sued the Corporation for in a court of law. The Corporation cannot agree with the Standing Committee that litigation might have involved a much heavier payment. They think that beyond the small risk of having to pay costs, no other risk was involved in the litigation, whereas there were fair chances of a considerable saving being effected in the amount paid to the contractors. 3. The Corporation regret that a majority of the members of the Standing Committee should not have considered it necessary to peruse the papers themselves before according sanction to such a large payment. Having regard to all the facts and the opinion of counsel, the Corporation think the circumstances of the case did not justify the payment. 4. The Corporation wish to place on record that in allowing the sum of Rs. 1,50,000 to be formally entered in the Tansa revised estimates, they did not, and never intended to vote the said sum to meet the said claims without any further reference to the Corporation, but merely entered the said amount as a formal financial provision. The Corporation thinks that in fairness the matter should have been brought before them. That the action of the Standing Committee is open to grave censure."

Dr. Cowasjee asked if Dr. Blaney could submit his proposition before the resolution of the Standing Committee was formally placed before the Corporation.

Mr. Carroll said that the question before the Corporation was the non-production of the papers.

Mr. P. M. Mehta thought that the subject before the Corporation being a report on the statement of the Standing Committee, any member had a right to propose a resolution in regard to it.

Mr. Geary, speaking on the point of order, said that the resolution

a margin of 30 per cent. A Government Surveyor later on, who surveyed the ground, contended that the allowance of 30 per cent. made by Mr. Clerke was not enough. The contractors knew those facts, and further more it was brought to their notice that the quantities were only given by estimate and that nothing reliable could be given, and that they could not say with certainty how far they would have to go to find the sound rock which was wanted. In the contract, therefore, provision was made for such contingencies, and it was distinctly stated that the foundations were to be laid on rock approved by the engineer. With regard to the claim per brass for excavation Mr. Clerke had stated that that was untenable.

The Commissioner: I beg your pardon, that is quite wrong.

Mr. Dharamsi, continuing, said the papers were not before them, and in their absence how could the Corporation be asked to decide whether he was correct or incorrect. In October, 1889, a further claim arose under the following circumstances. Where the contractors had had to go deep to find a foundation, the upper structure of the Dam did not keep pace with the parts of the Dam where the foundation was found nearer the surface, and gaps were left in the wall. Mr. Clerke wrote to the contractor saying that he should concentrate his labour on filling up the gaps before the monsoon of 1890. They did so and made an extra claim, because they had been put to extra expense in filling up the gaps. He, the speaker, pointed out particularly to the Corportion that no claim arose after May, 1889, up to that time both parties were agreed that those claims were only Rs. 55,000, of which the engineer and the then Commissioner Mr. Ollivant had said that it might be looked upon as a matter of indulgence, having regard to the satisfactory work done, but Mr. Ollivant was convinced from the legal opinion he received that the contractor had no claim. The total claims of the contractors for excavation, foundations, and filling in the gaps was Rs. 1,20,000, that developed afterwards into Rs. 4,39,000, and the letter of Messrs. Glover forwarding that claim said in effect "Oh, you have treated us badly, we are not going to be bound by our first estimate of the matter." No claim arose after 1890. The claim for Rs. 51,125 rose to Rs. 61,125, and a further claim of Rs. 33,750 was made in connection with the same work, and practically, therefore, in respect of the claim for Rs. 51,000, Rs. 94,000 was demanded. After receiving this long list of claims, some of which were unintelligible to every other person except the contractors, Mr. Inverarity's opinion was taken on the whole case, and the perusal of his opinion was sufficient to show that the only claim in his opinion legally tenable was the one on "account of special arrangements made for filling in gaps in the Dam before the rains of 1890, as directed by the engineer." With regard to the rest, Mr. Inverarity was of opinion that the contractors had no claim. That opinion was positive and clear. Now that he, the speaker, had put before the Corporation the claims he would ask them to say if they had effected a compromise. The only claims that could be alleged to be tenable were for Rs. 1,16,000 and they had paid Rs. 1,20,000, Rs. 4,000 more.

Mr. Mehta: Oh, that is for costs. (Laughter.)

Mr. Dharamsi, continuing, said: The argument was set up that they had received value to the amount paid. That he considered would be a very dangerous principle to introduce. It simply came to the state of affairs that they had to pay the contractor for his losses, whilst when he made profit he kept it. He considered that the majority of the Standing Committee had simply been carried away by that phrase. Speaking of the point of the money being paid with reference to the Corporation, he said, that in future where amounts which were entered formally in the estimates should not be disposed of by the Standing Committee without further reference to the Corporation. Except the members of the Sub-Committee who sat to consider the revised estimates, no member of the Standing Committee knew anything about the claims in question, and even the Sub-Committee did not know the extent and details of the claims. The Corporation, therefore, had no materials on which to discuss, much less to decide the question. He dwelt upon the fact, which appeared in his minute, that several members of the Standing Committee who decided the matter did not read the papers, had not read the papers, it was not true then, most emphatically asserted that many members of the Standing Committee except those and the Sub-Committee did not read the papers. He asked the members of the Committee present at that, the Corporation, meeting even if they had looked at the papers, and challenged them to say they had.

Mr. Mehta: Let members speak out.

Dr. Cowasjee Hormusjee: They will speak when the time comes.

Mr. Dharamsi, continuing, said, the result of members not looking into the papers was that they did not know whether it was a claim for extra works or recouping the contractors for loss. If they had studied them carefully it would have been apparent that Glover and Co.'s claim was not for extra work done, but for loss incurred upon a particular item of work. (Applause.)

The Corporation then adjourned the discussion until Thursday next, Mr. Mehta remarking that he trusted the Commissioner would find his way clear before then to produce the papers.

THE DISPUTE BETWEEN HINDUS AND MAHOMEDANS.

A CORRESPONDENT writes:—His Highness the Maharaja Jam-Saheb of Navanagar is a Prince of sterling qualities, conspicuous chiefly for the great interest he has been taking in the welfare of his subjects. Assisted by the wise counsels of his Dewan Mr. Maganbhai Bapubhai, he tries whenever any differences arise between his subjects, to settle them amicably by reconciling both parties and deciding in a way which might not leave either of them any occasion to complain or to grumble. For some time past a great dispute had been raging at Khumbhalia between the Hindu subjects of the Jam on the one side and the Borah and the Mussalman subjects on the other, and agitating the minds of all classes of people there. The Hindus wanted to build a wall around the temple of Shri Khamnath; but the Mahomedans alleged that there had been a tomb of their *Pir* just on the confines where the wall was intended to be built. The Hindus rejoined that the tomb was not an ancient one, but a mere interpolation of a recent date to prevent the wall from being built. The Borahs alleged that there had been a way by the side of the temple and the adjoining garden, which led to their burial place, and which would be blocked up if the proposed wall were erected. These differences, like the apple of discord, proved a source of internal dissension, mutual jealousies, and heart-burning among the three great sections of his Highness's subjects and promised no early, easy, or satisfactory solution. It is, therefore, to the credit of H. H. the Jam Saheb that he has settled the matter to the satisfaction of all the parties. He, accompanied by Rajeshri Kursonbhai Punjani had been personally to Khambhalia to inspect the grounds and make proper investigations and inquiries. Some signs of an ancient tomb becoming visible, his Highness decided in favour of the Mahomedans, but being convinced that the Borahs had not made a true and fair representation of their case he rejected their claim. This decision was hailed by all the classes of the people, who were so much pleased that they resolved in order to mark their sense of deep gratitude and respect for the Prince to present him with an address. Two addresses (one of them from the Hindus and the other from the Borahs) were presented to his Highness when Rajeshri Kursonbhai Punjani, who took a very active part in settling the matter, the chief State officials, and leading citizens were present. Mr. Purbhashankar Jeshankar read the addresses, the purport of which was as follows:—

"We, the different classes of your Highness' subjects, living under your benign and beneficent rule, have greatly to congratulate ourselves and thank your Highness for the very satisfactory, and impartial solution of a dispute which threatened to be productive of great disquietude and alarm. We have every confidence that in you we have a wise, just, and noble Prince. Our lost peace of mind is restored. And our earnest prayer is that the King of Kings may grant you a long life and spare you to us for many years to come."

At the conclusion of the above ceremony, *poshaks* were presented to Messrs. Girjashankar Nurbheshankar and Prabhashankar Jeshankar, and the proceedings terminated.

MR. F. J. HARVEY, Assistant Engineer, has been transferred permanently to State Railways, and his services are placed at the disposal of the Director-General of Railways.

IN March last the length of railway communications open to traffic in India was 16,890 miles, and at the same time the length under construction was 1,684 miles. The corresponding figures in March, 1892, are 17,375 and 2,160. Thus during the twelve months 485 miles have been opened, and an additional 960 miles have been taken in hand. The construction of railways in India was commenced in October, 1850, and the date of the first opening to traffic was August, 1853. So, since the commencement of operations, there has been an average addition to the open mileage of about 420 a year.

THE NATIVE PRESS.

MR. WILLIAM DIGBY.

THE *Rast Goftar* writes:—The London correspondent of the *Bombay Gazette* says that Mr. William Digby, C.I.E., has been prevailed upon by his friends to stand as a candidate for South Islington at the next Parliamentary General Elections. During his long journalistic career in India Mr. Digby has mastered Indian problems, economic and political, with great zeal and earnestness, and extremely radical though some of his notions are, we have no doubt he would, if returned, make a very good "Member for India." Let us hope Mr. Digby's chances of entering Parliament are not as remote as those of our esteemed townsman, Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji, are said to be. Mr. Digby would be a second best to Mr. Dadabhai and not the least useful in relieving the dense darkness that prevails on matters Indian in the deliberative assemblies of England.

THE ORIENTAL TRANSLATOR TO GOVERNMENT.

Says the *Indu Prakash*:—We learn on good authority that Rao Bahadur Y. M. Kelkar is not going to Baroda after all. The Government of Bombay is, we are told, unwilling to spare his services. He will probably be reappointed Oriental Translator to Government.

MR. W. LEE-WARNER'S LECTURE.

The *Rast Goftar* remarks:—Mr. W. Lee-Warner's address on "The Teachings of Nature in Literature and Politics," delivered on Saturday evening under the auspices of the Elphinstone College Union, was, like his much-commented utterances on "Criticism" and "Selection," thoughtful and eloquent. Our readers will remember that in the last two lectures he freely laid down some canons of criticism which were so unpalatable to some of the Baboo scribblers on the Bengali Native Press that they resented the advice and the castigation. Mr. Lee-Warner is as outspoken in his public utterances as close he is in his official writings. And herein it seems that he has taken the cue from another Government official who has now retired, viz., Sir Lepel Griffin, whose utterances were conspicuous at the time by their almost brutal frankness. Coming to Mr. Lee-Warner's lecture delivered—it was actually delivered and not read—on Saturday evening we may say that it was a learned and philosophic disquisition eminently characteristic of the man and the official.

THE GOVERNMENT LAW SCHOOL.

The *Gujerati* observes:—The Bombay Graduates' Association has been, we are glad to note, very active of late in many matters. It was only the other day that it addressed a representation to Government on the subject of the franchise which the Indian Government propose to confer upon a very restricted class of men with University distinctions. Now it has forwarded a memorial to the local authorities, reminding them of their past declarations about the improvement of the law-school by giving increased energy to its teaching. Lord Reay gave a solemn promise in distinct terms at Poona that the subject of legal education would be taken up by Government as soon as the reforms sanctioned by the University were submitted to them and that the re-organization of the law school would be undertaken by the Hon'ble Sir Raymond West. Again, Mr. Monteath distinctly intimated to the Association in 1890 that Government intended placing the institution on an improved and permanent footing. The Association naturally expresses its surprise that Government have done absolutely nothing to redeem their oft-repeated promises.

The *Indu Prakash* states:—The Graduates' Association has been untiring in its efforts to put the Government in mind of its duty in the matter of the reform of the law school. That the law school is most sadly in need of reform, no one will question. The Graduates' Association prays that the scheme of reform may be settled before Sir Raymond West leaves the country. We join our prayers to those of the Association, although we fear it is hoping against hope that the subject will receive the attention it deserves in the hurry and distractions of departure. It is enough, however, if Government is alive to its duty. If Sir Raymond has framed any scheme we may trust his successor will carry it out.

THE INDIAN COUNCILS BILL.

Says the *Rast Goftar*:—The last mail has brought us summaries of the discussion held in the House of Lords on the Indian Councils Bill. Lord Northbrook, whose views about India are generally marked by sound sense and statesmanship, [illegible] expressed his opinion that this country is not fitted for any system of election by popular constituencies. It is, however, quite consistent with this view to maintain that some elective principle, within narrow and well-defined limits, might have been introduced in the Bill. The value of the whole Bill depends upon the clause which leaves it entirely to the Viceroy, of course with the sanction of the Secretary of State, to make rules, from time to time, for the nomination of members. This is "the unknown quantity" which will go to make the measure, if passed into law, of little value or some value, according to the nature of the rules which the Viceroy for the time being will choose to frame. It is also not only an unknown quantity, but a variable quantity. There will be no fixity about the rules. They will be liable to undergo a change with the change of Viceroys and administrations. The best thing for the friends of India in the House of Commons to do will be to accept the measures as an instalment making towards progress and reform, but to use all their endeavours to get some clearly defined principle of nomination embodied in the Bill.

THE NEW MEMBER OF COUNCIL.

The *Indu Prakash* says:—The public will be rejoiced to hear that Sir Raymond West's successor in the Executive Council is to be the Hon. Mr. Justice Birdwood. Mr. Justice Birdwood was, in all respects, the fittest candidate. Seniority of service, judicial experience, and rank in the judicial service all pointed him out as the proper man. The only circumstances which raised a doubt was that their names were mentioned, and it was reported that they were well supported. The long talked-of attempt to exclude members of the judicial service from the Council gave colour to the doubt. Happily all these doubts have been set at rest. We are glad that justice and right have at last prevailed. Apart from the personal fitness of Mr. Justice Birdwood his appointment is valuable as a fresh assertion of the principle that the judicial service shall be represented in the Council. We heartily rejoice at the appointment and congratulate the Hon. Mr. Justice Birdwood, the Government, and the public on so happy a choice.

Native Opinion observes:—We heartily congratulate the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Birdwood on his nomination as successor to Sir Raymond West as Judicial Member of Council. The name of Birdwood is indeed a household word in this city where Mr. Birdwood's father, General Birdwood, as Mr. Dossabhoy Framjee says in his History of the Parsis, called "Birdwood Maharaja" on account of his generous and obliging disposition and his brother Sir George spent many years and enjoyed a popularity such as has been the lot of very few Europeans. Mr. Justice Birdwood is equally popular both as Judge of the High Court and the Vice-Chancellor of the University. His early service in Konkan, Gujerath, Kathiawar, and Sind, eminently fits him for the high post to which he has been just now nominated. His ripe judicial experience cannot fail to be highly useful to his colleagues in Council, in the solution of a thousand and one knotty administrative problems. Genial and kind-hearted, he will be greatly missed in this city by a very large circle of friends and admirers for at least eight months in the year. We hope he will not sever his connection with the University like his distinguished predecessor Sir Raymond West. He has been connected with it for a number of years in various capacities and his ripe experience and mature judgment it cannot afford to lose.

THE total number of deaths registered in the town of Calcutta during the week ending 5th March, was 314, against 261 and 317 in the two preceding weeks, and higher than the corresponding week of last year by 40. There were 39 deaths from cholera, against 29 and 19 in the two preceding weeks; the number is higher than the average of the past quinquennium by 3. There was one death from small-pox during the week, against *nil* in the previous week. There were 8 deaths from tetanus against 6 in the previous week. The mortality from fevers and bowel-complaints amounted to 110 and 29 respectively, against 96 and 23 in the preceding week. The general death-rate of the week was 35·1 per mille per annum, against 26·8, the mean of the last five years.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is sold by Medicine dealers every where at 1s. 1½d. per bottle.

MILITARY NEWS.

CAPTAIN R. W. PRESTON, S. C., has been permitted to return to duty.

ON vacating his civil appointment Colonel Codrington has leave to reside out of India.

CAPTAIN W. ROSS, Adjutant, G. I. P. R. Vols., has been granted leave for eight months.

LIEUTENANT A. C. J. CAMPBELL, probationer for the Indian Staff Corps, has been permitted to proceed to England, on medical certificate.

SURGEON-MAJOR J. M'CLOGHRY, I.M.S., Civil Surgeon of Broach, has been granted furlough to Europe, for one year and eighty-seven days.

BRIGADIER-GENERAL BEVILLE, C.B., Commanding Deesa Brigade, inspected 55th Field Battery Royal Artillery, at Deesa, on the 14th and 15th March.

EXTENSIONS of leave have been granted to the following officers for the periods specified:—Colonel Codrington, S. C., till May 29, without pay; Major R. H. Daniell, six months; Major A. B. Mein, six months; Captain T. F. N. Pinley, till June 11; Captain J. E. Barry, six months; and Captain R. I. Scallon, six months.

THE detachment of two companies of the 2nd battalion King's Own Yorkshire Light Infantry, strength 4 officers, 209, men and 3 women left Deesa on the 14th March for Bombay in relief. The relieving detachment from Bombay will arrive at Pahlunpur on the 16th instant, and will march to Chandesir, leaving an officer and 40 men to load the baggage at Pahlunpore.

THE field-firing in the Deesa District has been completed. At Rajkote the squadron of the 1st Duke of Connaught's Own Lancers made 169 hits in 372 shots, obtaining a percentage of 95·43 hits to rounds fired. At Deesa the Infantry made 640 hits in 4,267 shots fired, being a percentage of 14·99 hits to rounds fired. At Rajkote the Infantry had 488 hits in 2,446 shots, a percentage of 19·95 hits to rounds fired, and at Ahmedabad the firing was better, the Infantry obtaining 667 hits in 2,692 shots, on a percentage of 24·77 hits to rounds fired. In the long range Valley practice the Deesa party did not shine, having obtained one hit in 392 rounds, or a percentage ·25, but the Ahmedabad party made 4 hits in 153 rounds, being a percentage of 2·61.

THE INDIAN OPIUM REVENUE.

A CORRESPONDENT has favoured the "Daily Chronicle" "with a copy of a letter from the late Earl of Lytton bearing on the subject of the Indian opium revenue, which is about again to engage public attention. The correspondent thinks it will show the late Viceroy of India in a different light to that in which he was generally regarded among Liberals. It is dated from Malvern, Sept. 22, 1881." After some preliminary and personal remarks, the letter proceeds:—

Wisdom, I suppose, is justified of her children in the long run, but the run is sometimes a very long one. No Indian Finance Minister has ever left to his successor such a splendid financial legacy as Sir John Strachey. No one who will take the trouble to study the finances of India without prejudice can doubt that they are in a condition which might be envied by almost any country in Europe. I have the satisfaction, such as it is, of feeling sure that this will be admitted some day, if the financial policy of my administration is not disastrously reversed. But I confess that I contemplate with considerable apprehension Major Baring's adoption of Sir L. Mallet's craze about handing over the public works of India to "private enterprise." No such enterprise exists, or can be created, at present in the country itself, where the normal rate of interest is 12 per cent. And how would the people of England like to see all their railways and canals in the hands of capitalists living at the other end of the world, ignorant of and indifferent to the conditions of English society and government, yet exercising upon these conditions, through a distant Parliament, in which the English people were not represented, a certain irresponsible influence naturally animated and guided only by a view to their own exclusive interests as the proprietors of all the means of intercommunication throughout England? In the Indian railways the Government of India possesses a vast and annually growing property—and expanding source of revenue not derived from taxation, which exists in no other country—and to me it is as clear as the sun in heaven that the financial prosperity of India will in future depend mainly on the development of her railways and opium. People who do not [illegible] cover the country with railways, and neither the loss of the opium revenue nor anything else need seriously discomfort us."

The "Daily New" says:—"Already the insidious plea put in for the Indian opium-smoker, as a gentleperson whose vices are not to be confounded with the coarse indulgences of his Chinese brother, has received a serious blow. Thanks mainly to the exertions of Dr. James Maxwell 'A Declaration of Opinion' on this subject has been signed by more than five thousand medical men, a considerable number of whom have had opportunities of watching the effects of the opium habit either in India or China, and these are unanimous in declaring that the practice of opium-smoking or of opium-eating is morally and physically debasing; that the unrestrained sale of such a drug is immediately associated with many and grave dangers to the well-being of the people of India; that opium ought in India, as in England, to be classed and sold as a poison, and be purchasable from chemists only; and that the Government of India should prohibit the growth of the poppy and manufacture and sale of opium, except as required for medical purposes. It is observed that of the many medical schools in the three kingdoms there is not one which is not well represented among the signatures to his important document."

A meeting of members who are favourable to the suppression of the opium trade and of the committee of the Anti-Opium League was held at the Westminster Palace Hotel on Feb. 23 for the purpose of considering the action to be taken in Parliament to bring the question to the front. It was agreed that as an initial step questions shall be put to the Government as to the course which they propose to adopt in the matter in view of the vote of last session.

THE EGYPTIAN BUDGET.

THE statement of Mr. Ewin Palmer, financial adviser to the Khedive, shows, the Cairo correspondent of the *Times* says, a result for the past year surpassing the most sanguine anticipations, and gives evidence of the wealth which is to be won from Egypt's soil under good Government. The revenue was nearly £10,900,000 sterling, being an increase of £400,000 on the receipts of 1890 and of £900,000 on those of 1889, both of which years were financially prosperous. The expenditure amounted to £9,900,000, leaving the handsome surplus of £1,100,000, in 1882 this surplus reached only £70,000.

The Government have adopted several valuable improvements recommended by Mr. Gorst, Chief of the Land Revenue Department, giving further relief, abolishing longstanding abuses, and effecting a saving of time and labour in the business of the Department. The improvements (as given by the *Times*' correspondent) are as follows:—

(1) About 150,000 acres of uncultivable land, burdened with taxes, although almost worthless, will now be freed. (2) The "Mazrouf" lands will pay no higher tax than that levied on other lands in the same localities. These lands had been originally sold by Government against payment of a quit-rent, but, with the reduced values of produce, they cannot afford to pay a rent or annual tax fixed during more prosperous periods. (3) As a step towards an equitable reassessment Mr. Gorst has reduced the absurdly large number of rates of taxation from about 1,400 to only 220. (4) The old village land registers, kept after a disorderly fashion and abounding in inaccuracies, are being put under a better system. (5) Liberal fiscal regulations have been made for the purpose of encouraging land recalamation, such as levying only half tax during two years and until a remunerative crop is produced. (6) A surveying party has been started to make village maps and indicate Government properties.

It is hoped (the correspondent adds) that this may lead to a cadastral survey being made of the whole country, for which there is great need. Liberal terms will be granted to persons found in irregular possessions of Government lands, whose title hitherto rested upon undisturbed occupancy. The total annual cost to the Treasury of these ameliorations is estimated at about £90,000.

DURING the past week there were nearly 120,000 persons on relief works in Madras, Bombay, Ajmere, Bengal and Burma.

Holloway's Pills and Ointment are remedies which should invariably be taken by travellers in search of health, pleasure or business. Many deleterious influences are constantly at work in foreign climes, tending to deteriorate the health; these and the altered conditions of life will entail on those who travel the necessity of carefully attending to early symptoms of disease, and they will find the use of these remedies to be highly necessary, the action of the Pills being purifying and strengthening and of great service in cases of fever, ague, and all inflammatory diseases, whilst the Ointment is a sovereign cure in cases of piles, bad legs, bad breasts, wounds and ulcers. Holloway's remedies do not deteriorate by change of climate.

COMMERCIAL NOTES.

[*From the Home Papers.*]

OF the trade prospects of the current year the "Economist" says it is unfortunately not possible to speak very hopefully. There are some encouraging features, such, for instance, as the cheapness of the raw material for our manufactures. Prices of commodities, moreover, are now so low that there is less margin for a further fall. On the other hand, however, this very cheapness is forcing producers to reduce working expenses, and it is not unlikely, therefore, that labour disputes will be even more numerous this year than they were in 1890 and 1891, although that is saying a great deal. Further, some of our foreign customers are not unlikely to be even less able to buy from us than they were in 1891, for whereas we began that year under engagements to supply some of them with more money, these engagements have been fulfilled, and now our purse is closed against them, with no prospect of being opened again for sometime to come. This applies mainly to South American States, but elsewhere financial difficulties threaten to lessen the demand for our products. Our Australian colonies, for instance, have been buying largely from us with the money we have been constantly lending them. Now, however, from circumstances partly of their own creating, and partly extraneous to them, they find that they cannot raise money with anything like the same freedom as formerly, and are being driven to live more upon their resources. Looking nearer at hand, we see Spain, Portugal, Italy, and Greece all struggling with serious financial embarrassments, and Russia reduced to extremities by the failure of her crops and the famine expenditure that it has entailed. And the violent fluctuations in silver which had so disturbing an effect upon our trade with India and the East last year have, unfortunately, still to be reckoned with. These are not conditions under which we can look for an expansive foreign trade, and we are warned by the statistics of railway traffic, that latterly our home trade has been showing less elasticity. That continues to be the teaching of the traffic returns for the current year, and it is supported by the reports made by trade societies to the Board of Trade. Whereas in January, 1891, out of twenty-two societies reporting seven characterised their trade as "very good," seven as "good," seven as "moderate," and only one as "bad," this month out of nineteen societies reporting eighteen speak of trade as "moderate," and only one as "good."

The following is the text of the bill for modifying the import duties on wool and woollen goods under the M'Kinley Act which has been agreed to by the Democratic members of the Ways and Means Committee of the United States House of Representatives:—"1. That on and after the first day of January, 1893, the following articles when imported shall be exempt from duty—namely, all wool or hair of the camel, goat, alpaca, and other like animals, and all wool and hair on the skin, all noils, top waste, slubbing waste, rowing waste, ring waste, yarn waste, card waste, bur waste rags and flocks, including all waste or rags composed wholly or in part of wool. 2. That on and after the first day of January, 1893, the articles enumerated, described, and provided for in the paragraphs hereinafter named of "An Act to reduce the revenue and equalise duties on imports, and for other purposes," approved October 1, 1890, shall when imported be subjected to the duties hereinafter provided, and no other; that is to say, upon the articles enumerated in paragraph 391 of said Act the duties shall be 35 per centum (ad valorem); upon the articles enumerated in paragraph 392 the duty shall be 40 per centum (ad valorem; upon the articles enumerated in paragraph 393 the duties fixed therein at 30 per centum (ad valorem) shall be reduced to 25 per centum (ad valorem); the duties fixed at 35 per centum (ad valorem shall be reduced to 30 per centum (ad valorem); and the duties fixed at 40 per centum (ad valorem) shall be reduced to 35 per centum (ad valorem); and no duties per pound or per square yard shall be imposed upon the articles enumerated in said paragraph; upon the articles enumerated in paragraph 394 the duties shall be 35 per centum (ad valorem); upon the articles enumerated in paragraphs 395 and 398 the duties shall be 40 per centum (ad valorem); upon the articles enumerated in paragraphs 396 and 397 the duties shall be 45 per centum (ad valorem); upon the articles enumerated in paragraph 391 down to and including paragraph 408 the duties shall be 30 per centum (ad valorem); and all imporeed articles enumerated, described, and provided for in said paragraphs respectively which may be in public store or in warehouse on the said first day of January 1893, shall be subjected to the same duties when withdrawn for consumption, and no others, as if said articles had been imported on or after said first day of January, and only the "ad valorem" duties as herein provided shall thereafter be levied, collected, and paid upon the articles mentioned in paragraph 390 of said Act, and likewise all mungo, shoddies, garnetted or carded waste, or other waste product, any of which is composed wholly or in part of wool, and which has been improved or advanced beyond its original condition as waste by the use of machinery or the application of labour, or of both, shall on and after the said first day of January, 1893, be subject to a duty of 25 per centum "ad valorem." 4. That all Acts and parts of Acts in conflict with the provisions of this Act be and the same are hereby repealed; but this section shall not take effect until the first day of January, 1893."

The Berlin correspondent of the "Economist" now confirms the opinion we have steadily expressed that resumption of specie payments in Austria is very far from being so imminent as has been supposed, and that the assumption of the mere possibility of Austria-Hungary going on a gold standard and selling her silver is a delusion. A depressing influence on the Berlin Bourse, we are told, is the way in which the scheme is viewed. ThoughBerlinnever joined in the sanguine opinions propagated in Vienna, there was rather a strong hope for the unchecked progress of the project. But "the news from London has sufficed to create an impression that the whole scheme is exposed to the risk of being postponed for an indefinite time." This "seems an exaggeration," but the opinion gains ground that the transaction will be fraught with greater difficulties than had been at first imagined. The idea was put forward at one time that Austria might obtain all the aid she required in Germany, but that "soon turned out an illusion." Even supposing the operation can be successfully performed, experts in Berlin say they do not think the adoption of the gold standard in Austria will prove quite practical. Their opinion seems to be that "Austria-Hungary cannot do without a mixed monetary system." However, these same experts are quite ready to admit that this is "no argument against a reform of the currency, and that such a step is even becoming a necessity."

Commenting on the combination of the American coal-railway companies, the New York "Commercial and Financial Chronicle" expresses the opinion that the arrangement signifies that all misunderstandings, all differences as to a division of traffic, as well as all open or concealed hostilities, have become impossible between the roads which have to do with this large and highly important branch of American industries. No one can consequently fail to see the benefits to be derived from the arrangement. Indeed it would be difficult to over-estimate their importance. Summed up in a few words the union is simply an engagement to keep the peace, and means that hereafter, instead of wasting their resources and going through bankruptcy periodically, the coal roads and the great coal interests are to be managed on strictly business principles. Outside of the contracting parties the only ones concerned are the security holders and the public, and they ought both to be congratulated on the result. In these days of National and State Commissions there can be no monopoly to fear, and with that danger removed the people are every way advantaged by the prosperity of the carriers. Even if prosperity were the source of no other gain, a railroad is not fitted to serve the public with efficiency when it is struggling for existence, any better than an athlete is in form when sick to run a race.

A correspondent writes that the position of sellers of jute and linen goods appears to become worse as the season progresses. Dundee agents are asking higher prices, but although the advances are insufficient to cover the increased cost of the yarn they are not being paid. 5-8d. may be roughly said to represent the increase in the case of standard widths of hessians (40in.) and striped jute beddings (5in.). From some houses an increase of ¼d. per yard has been obtained. One result of the dearness of jute has been that the consumption of tows and other coarse descriptions of flax has increased. Wherever flax can be conveniently substituted for jute spinners and manufacturers are using it. The increased run upon the fibre due to this cause has assisted in keeping prices firm, and it has furthermore tended to swell the expenses of regular consumers of flax. The effect, therefore, is depressing all round. Both the home and shipping demand is stagnant.

BRIGADIER-GENERAL W. T. BUDGEN, D. S. O., Commanding Bombay District, accompanied by Lieutenant-Colonel W. E. Hilliard, returned to Bombay yesterday morning from inspection duty from Deolalee. A salute of nine guns was fired from the saluting battery to announce the arrival.

THE ALBION MILK AND SULPHUR SOAP.—Pure, Mild, and Emolient—This essentially complexion Soap is most agreeable and beneficial in use, especially where the skin is sensitive, or has become roughened by exposure on land or sea. It never irritates, and hence with its soothing and pleasantly purifying tendency is particularly valuable in hot climates. A luxury for the Toilet and the Bath. Indispensable for Children. Delicately perfumed. Sold by all Chemists. Agents.—TREACHER & Co., Bombay.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—MARCH 4.

Barrow, Surgn, Lt-Col, Bo, Medical Staff, on leave, from Ahmednagar.

MARCH 9.

Lugard, Major, Bengal, R A, on leave, from Quetta.

MARCH 16.

Penton, Major, Bo, I A, Signalling, on duty, from Ahmednagar.
Purvitts, Lt, 3rd Bo Caly, on leave, from Baroda.

MARCH 17.

Orr, Lt, Bengal, 1st Lancers H C, on leave, from Aurungabad.
Peterkin, Surgn-Capt, Bo, Medical Staff, on leave, from Indore.
Bowley, Lt, Mr, 21st Hussars, on medical certificate, from Secunderabad.

DEPARTURES.—MARCH 14.

Johnson, Major, Bo, 2nd K O Y L I, on duty, to Deesa.
Dowdall, Lt, Bo, 2nd K O Y L I, on duty, to Deesa.
Phillips, 2nd Lt, Bo, 2nd K O Y L I, on duty, to Deesa.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR G. W. ROUGHTON, COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, 18th March, 1892.

1. The proficiency will meet at the Fort Head-Quarters at 6 p.m., and at the Nesbit Road Head-quarters at 8-45 p.m. to-day.

2. To-morrow, Saturday, the Corps will take part in the Brigade Parade, preparatory to the Review before his Excellency the Viceroy on Saturday, the 2nd April. Fall in punctually at the Sir Richard Temple Statue, at 4-30 p.m. Dress—Full dress (helmet with ball, badge, and metal chain, arms and accoutrements). Proficiency and efficiency badges to be worn.

By order,
(Sd.) J. SANDERS SLATER, Lieut.,
Acting Adjt., B. V. A.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. THE HON. L. H. BAYLEY, COMMANDING B. V. R.

Bombay, 18th March, 1892.

1 On Saturday next, the 19th instant, the Regiment will take part in the Brigade Parade preparatory to the Review before H. E. the Viceroy on Saturday, the 2nd April. Fall in at 4-15 p.m. in front of the Gymkhana. Red uniform, helmets, arms, and accoutrements. Members who are at the Tram Terminus at Colaba, Parel Road, Grant Road and Girgaum, at 3-15 p.m. and those met on the way will have their fares paid. Members defraying their own fares will be refunded the amount on applying after parade to the Instructors and producing their Tram Tickets.

Cadets will be conveyed in Special Tram Cars on Saturday, the 19th instant, as follows:—

Byculla and Byculla Scottish Schools—Two single cars to leave Victoria Gardens at 3-15 p.m.

St. Mary's School—One double and one single car to leave Victoria Gardens at 3-15 p.m.

2. The Committee of which Major Brown is President will re-assemble at Captain Soundy's Office to-day, the 18th instant, at 6 p.m.

3. There will be drill for 1st D" Company behind the Telegraph Quarters, Fort, at 5-30, this evening.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

1. Corporals J. Brooks and T. Rogers, Troopers C.F. dela Fosse, L. P. Russell, A. F. Ferguson and R. W. Playfair are granted leave of absence from Inspection. Trooper. R. Wehril is granted 6 months' leave of absence from Bombay from the 10th Instant.

By order,
(Sd.) T. W. C. LEATHEM, Major.
and Adjutant, Bo. Vol. Rifles.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Bombay Government Gazette*, March 17.)

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

The following promotions in the Native Army are made:—3rd Bombay L I—Subhedar Abdullah Beg to be Subhedar-Major, Jamadar Musaji Saikelji to be Subhedar, and Quarter-Master Havildar Shaik Imam to be Jamadar vice Subhedar-Major Hayath Khan, pensioned.

The following promotions are made in the Subordinate Medical Dept:

First grade Apothecary J St A Paiz, No 27, to be second grade Senior Apothecary, vice Hon Lieut Khan Bahadur Shaik Ameer, No 21, second grade Senior Apothecary, deceased, ranking as Hon Lieut; First grade Apothecary J Gallagher, No 28, to be second grade Senior Apothecary, vice Hon Lieut F Fernandes, No 20, second grade Senior Apothecary, deceased ranking as Hon Lieut; First grade Assist Apothecary J W Shephard, No 75, to be second grade Apothecary, vice first grade Apothecary J St A Paiz, No 27, promoted; First grade Assist Apothecary A J B Vaz, No. 77, to be second rade Apothecary, vice first grade Apothecary J Gallagher, No 28, promoted; Sub-Assist Apothecary J E White, No 168, to be second grade Assist Apothecary, vice first grade Assist Apothecary J W Shephard, No 75, promoted; and Sub-Assist Apothecary A E Almeida, No 181, to be second grade Assist Apothecary, vice first grade Assist Apothecary A J B Vaz, No 77, promoted.

The following promotion in the Native Army is made:—4th Bombay Cavalry.—Ressaldar Shaikh Birkat Ali to be Woordie Major (provisionally) vice Hamidullah Khan, promoted.

The undermentioned officer is allowed furlough to Europe for one year and eighty-seven days, on private affairs:—Surgn-Major J McCloghry, I M S, Civil Surgeon, Broach.

The undermentioned officer has been permitted by the Secy of State for India to retain [illegible] I S C:—

The undermentioned officers have been granted by the Secy of State for India extensions of leave for the periods specified:—Col G H F Codrington, I S C, on private affairs, Major R H Daniell, I S C, six months, medical certificate; Major A B Mein, I S C, six months, private affairs; Capt J E Barry, I S C, six months, medical certificate; and Capt R I Scallon, I S C, six months, private affairs.

Col G H F Codrington, I S C, has been permitted by the Secy of State for India to reside out of India on vacating his Civil appointment.

Capt W C Ross, Durham L I, Inspr and Adjt. G I P Railway Vol Rifle Corps, is granted leave out of India on private affairs for eight months.

Lieut A G J Campbell, 2nd Battn Middlesex Regt, Probationer, I S C, is permitted to proceed to England on medical certificate.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to publish the following return received from the Secy, Bombay Chamber of Commerce:—"Return of gentlemen elected by the Bombay Chamber of Commerce, in accordance with the provisions of the Bombay Port Trust Act, VI of 1879, to be Members of the Board of Trustees of the Port of Bombay in place of Mr R S Campbell, Mr S D Sassoon, and Mr H W Uloth, whose term of office expires on 31st March 1892:—11th March 1892—H W Uloth, Esq. (Supt, P & O S N Co;) R S Campbell, Esq. (Messrs W and A Graham and Co); and S D Sassoon, Esq (Messrs David Sassoon & Co)."

ECCLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT.

The following appointments are made:—
The Rev J H Bock, M A, to be Chaplain of Poona.
The Rev P R Harrison to be Chaplain of Ghorepuri, Poona, offg also as Chaplain of Kirkee.
The Rev J Henderson, M A, having completed ten years' service, is promoted to the grade of Senior Chaplain.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

It is notified that Lieut C W F Whyte assumed charge of the office of Sixth Assist Political Resident, Aden, on the 25th idem.

Dr D G Dalgado, Civil Medical Officer, Savantvadi, has been granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from the date on

PURE PERSONALITIES.

THE birthday present which the Emperor of Germany received a few weeks ago from his four eldest boys represented the first sum of the money the Princes had earned by the labours of their own hands. Last autumn the Crown Prince got to know that the deer in the Royal forests were, during the winter months, fed partly on wild chestnuts and acorns. The boy at once communicated with his three brothers, and next day the four were seen about in the grounds of the New Palace, carrying large baskets and pushing wheelbarrows, into which they gathered acorns and chestnuts. For weeks these harvestings were continued, and finally an agreement was entered upon with the head forester, according to which the bushel of chestnuts or acorns was sold to him by the Princes at a price of four marks. All the boys were present when their goods were measured, in order, as they said, to see that the bushels were not filled too liberally.

Next to post-cards, Mr. Gladstone uses halfpenny wrappers most extensively. The marked catalogues which he returns to booksellers are always sent in a halfpenny wrapper, with necessary directions scrawled on the margins of the book-lists. A quaint and amusing illustration of Mr. Gladstone's economy in this way was on view at the annual meeting of the Ex-Libris Society last week. In response to Mr. W. H. K. Wright's request for a copy of his book-plate, the G. O. M. sent one with a brief note, both enclosed in a half penny wrapper; and yet this violation of Post Office regulations escaped the notice of the officials!

News of the death of Mr. C. A. Fyffe, who never recovered from the shock caused by the terrible and unfounded charge preferred against him some time ago, will be heard by many with very deep regret. Mr. Fyffe was the son of a Blackheath doctor. He was educated at Oxford, where he graduated with the highest honours in classics. While a Fellow of University College he visited, in 1869, the Continent, and made a special study of the battlefields of Europe, the information so acquired being put to excellent use in his admirable "History of Modern Europe," published by Cassell. During the Franco-German war Mr. Fyffe was for a time attached to one of the Prussian infantry regiments, and did some war correspondence for the "Daily News." He was in Paris at the time of the Commune, and was arrested more than once. When the war was over and he got back to Oxford he became trustee of the estates of University College, and did a good deal to encourage the extension of small holdings on the college estates. He gave valuable evidence before the Small Holdings Committee; indeed, the report of the Committee was based to a large extent upon the information supplied by him. At the general election of 1885 Mr. Fyffe stood in the Liberal interest for Oxford, but failed to win the seat. He was subsequently selected as the candidate for East Wiltshire in opposition to Mr. Walter Long, M. P. He commenced his campaign with the best of prospects, and everything pointed to his successful return, when the odious charge already referred to was launched against him. The grand jury threw out the bill, but his reason was affected, and his death has cut short a most promising and useful career.

Mr. Horatio Bottomley, the late chief of the Hansard Union, against whom and some of his co-directors summonses have been issued, is a Birmingham man. When he first went to London, now sometime ago, he worked as a journalist. He afterwards became connected with the Catherine-street Publishing Company, and finally with the Hansard Union. Till the formation of the latter company Mr. Bottomley always took an active part in politics, is a fair platform speaker, and contested the Hornsey Division unsuccessfully against Mr. H. C. Stephens, of blueblack ink fame. Mr. Bottomley is only some thirty-five years of age.

Sir Henry Isaacs, against whom a summons has also been issued, was Lord Mayor of London 1889-90. He is the senior partner in the firm of M. Isaacs and Sons, fruit and steamship brokers, Eastcheap, and Valentia, Spain, and M. Isaacs, Sons, and Shaw, fruit brokers, Hull. It is more than thirty years ago since he was first elected to represent the ward of Aldgate. He was made an alderman in 1883, and in the Jubilee year, when he was Sheriff, he received the honour of knighthood. It is not generally known that Sir Henry Isaacs is a talented vocalist and musician. His ode on the death of the Prince Consort appeared in 1862; his better known "Lone Star" is the work of his riper years. He sent a copy of it when Sheriff to his brother musician, Sir Joseph Chitty, upon which the learned judge promptly replied that in his humble opinion "the publication of an original song by a Sheriff of the City of London is an undoubted sign of the progress we are making in civilization." Sir Henry, who is some sixty-three years of age, lives in a fine mansion at Belsize Park.

Sir Robert Stawell Ball, who has been elected Lowndean Professor of Astronomy in the University of Cambridge, has been for many years Andrews Professor of Astronomy in the University of Dublin and Astronomer Royal of Ireland. Sir Robert, who is in his fifty-second year, is low-sized, rather stout, with very large forehead, brown hair, and brown eyes. His carreer has been highly distinguished. He was best man of his year in Trinity College, Dublin, when he gained the first gold medal in mathematics in 1861 when he had not completed his twenty-second year. In 1873 Sir Robert was elected a Fellow of the Royal Society, and in 1886 he was knighted. He is chiefly known to the general public as a fasciuating popular lecturer on astronomical subjects, and as author of "The Story of the Heavens," which he wrote positively against his will. When requested by Cassell and Co. to undertake the task he at first declined, and on being invited to name his own fee he fixed it at a sum which believed to be prohibitive, but which was at once agreed to by the publishers, who have been no losers by the transaction. The University of Cambridge has for the second time within a few years recruited its professional ranks from Trinity College, Dublin. Dr Alexander Macalister, the University Professor of Anatomy, is also a Dublin man.

Dr. C. H. Pearson, whom the cable mentions as likely to succeed the late John Cashel Hoey as Secretary to the London Agency for the Colony of Victoria, is a native of Islington, was elected Fellow of Oriel in 1854, and next year became Professor of Modern History in King's College, London. Some twenty years ago he emigrated to Australia and became Principal of the Presbyterian Ladies' College, East Melbourne, where he numbered the now famous Madame Melba, then Miss Nellie Mitchell, amongst his pupils. The governing body of the college consisted of Tories, and when Dr. Pearson delivered a lecture enunciating advanced Radical views on the land question they compelled him to retire. He was almost immediately returned to the Victorian Parliament in the Radical interest, and has held a seat ever since. He has been seven or eight years in office as Minister of Education. Amongst his published works is "A History of England during the Early and Middle Ages."

It may have been noticed that Mr. R. A. M'Call, Q.C., has appeared in several cases recently in which journalists have been concerned. He appeared for Mr. A. B. Chamberlain in his action against the defunct "New York Herald;" for Mr. St. John Brenon in his case against the proprietor of "Piccadilly; and he conducted the case for Mr. Lowe against the "Times." Mr. M'Call takes a particular interest in journalists' cases. He is the son of an old newspaper man in Ireland, and, like many young barristers, did some Presswork himself in his early days at the Bar. He is known in the courts for a hard fighter. His firmly-pressed thin lips and his keen, searching eye indicate a man of resolute will. He seldom fails to make the best of a bad case and the most of a good one.

Sir Henry Cotton was made a Lord Justice of Appeal in 1877, so that if he had remained on the bench up to the time of his death he would not yet have been entitled to his retiring pension. He was one of the most courteous, conscientious, and painstaking of judges. His strong point was mercantile law. He will be much missed by the Inns of Court Volunteers. In his barrister days he was one of the most active members of the "Devil's Own," and in later years they always kept a warm place for him in their hearts. Sir Henry Cotton was one of the richest men on the bench, for his father, Mr. William Cotton, who was once governor of the Bank of England, left him a very large fortune. Sir Henry had a lovely retreat on the borders of Hampshire and Sussex, where he spent most of his time since his retirement.

Mr. Lloyd George, P.M., who moved the amendment on Supply which nearly defeated the Government over the Lord Salisbury godson job, is a young man of twenty-eight or twenty-nine. He is young, not very tall, and looks more of a lad than he really is. He speaks, however, with a fiery Celtic eloquence, and his delivery is so perfect (he studied under one of the great Welsh preachers) that not one of his ideas ever loses for being put into words. He was born in humble circumstances, and educated at a village school in Carnarvonshire. He has, however, by sheer force of ability acquired a good business as a solicitor in Wales, and has already made a mark in the House.

Mr. George is a strong Nationalist and Welsh Home Ruler. He has taken a leading part in the Welsh disestablishment campaign, and is an ardent teetotaler. Those who know him only in public think his mind is filled only with a hatred of beer booths and bishops. Yet he is by no means a barrow Puritan. He has a considerable taste for theology, and is willing to discuss religious questions from every point of view. In private, although by conviction a strong Baptist, he can speak with sympathy of Roman Catholicism, and even enjoy as an intellectual diversion an article in the "Church Times." He is also passionately fond of music and singing. Like his friend, Mr. Samuel Evans, M.P., he will be called to the Bar, and both as a lawyer and politician will have a future.

By the death of Mr. Charles Joseph Faulkner the University of Oxford loses a well-known figure. As fellow of the Conservative college which, in earlier days, expelled Shelley from its walls, but now, under a more enlightened "regime," proposes to do honor to the poet, he soon became conspicuous as an advanced thinker both on social and political questions. Typical of the old race of dons, now fast dying out, he enjoyed a secluded life in the peaceful Radcliffe quadrangle of University College and if his windows were on more than one occasion the mark of undergraduate missiles, he never bore a grudge against his persecutors. In appearance Mr. Faulkner was not unlike "General" Booth.

For the past few years his increasing ailments took him away from the scene of his labors, and he lived a semi-monastic existence in London. Mr. Bernard Shaw's reception the other day at Magdalen recalls a similar experience of Mr. Faulkner's. A great meeting of Socialists was convened at a certain public-house in Oxford, and, as is usual, a number of undergraduates repaired thither to assist in their own peculiar way at the debate. When the orators were in full swing, an eccentric nobleman, who was then the "enfant terrible" of the proctors, withdrew the stopper from a phial of some filthy-smelling chemical, and in five minutes the meeting was forced to adjourn into the open air, and broke up in wild disorder.

Mr. Holford, whose death occurred on February 22, was the proprietor of Dorchester House, in some respects the most princely residence in London. He was at an unexpected time left a sum of nearly two millions by an uncle, and was thereby enabled to realise a somewhat unfortunate ambition in bricks and mortar. The marble staircase in Dorchester House is the finest in Europe, next to the one in the Opera House at Paris. Captain Holford, the eldest son of the deceased gentleman, who holds a commission in the 1st Life Guards, was equerry for a considerable period to the late Duke of Clarence. One of the daughters of the house is married to Mr. Albert Grey, and another to Lord Morley.

Mr. John Maxwell, Miss Braddon's husband, whose health has long been precarious, has greatly improved since his removal from Richmond to the New Forest. He retains his good spirits, and hopes with the return of spring to be quite restored to health. Mrs. Maxwell, who is as accomplished in the sick-room as with her pen, has nursed her husband with unfailing devotion, and to her he attributes his recovery from the protracted illness that at one time seemed likely to terminate seriously. Miss Braddon's latest novel, "A Long Reckoning," is running in the "Lady's Pictorial" before appearing in book-form. The scene is laid in Venice and in England.

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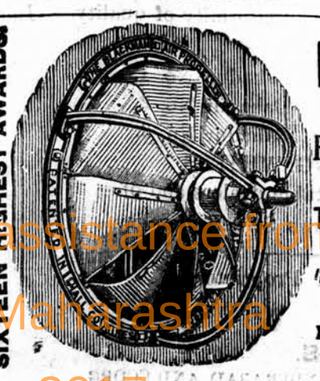

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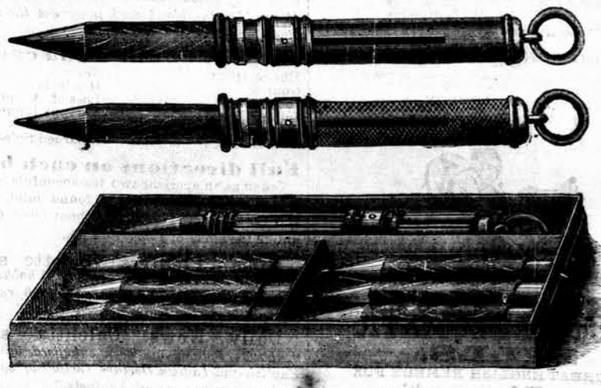

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